## boether <br> Immortal Story CHRIST'S LAST WEEK ON EARTH <br> By FELIX R. McKNIGHT

## Midmonth Magazine for Methodist qamilies. March 1958




## for your church to help select

## The Methodist Family of the Year



A TYPICAL Methodist family you see here, outfitting the lovely teen-age daughter for Easter. But there's more here than meets the eye-how this family in its home and church and community exemplifies the best in Christian living.
You know such families in your church. And this is your last opportunity to nominate one for the 1958 Methodist Family of the Year. Each Methodist church has been asked to propose one family from its congregation for this honor.

Every reader of Together-any individual o group of persons in the local church-may sugge: a family. The official board of each church wil decide the local nomination. (No nominations may be made directly to Tocether.) Candidates will be screened by official family-life judges at district, conference, and national levels.

The 1958 Methodist Family of the Year will be guests of Together at the Third National Conference on Family Life in Chicago, Illinois, October 17 to 19.

Whreare the specoiall qualificoations for the Family of the lear

1 Parents age 50 or under.
2 Two or more children, at least one teen-ager, baptized and chureh members, or in Sunday school.
3 Family exemplifies inspiring Chrisian fanily living.
4 Fanily applies Christian ethies in everyday life.
5 Family active in chureh and commmity life.
6 Family members are known as warm, good neighbors.

Now think of the families in your church who fit these qualifications. Then get the ball rolling to see that their names come before your official board. Remember. April 18 is the deadline. Your pastor should have complete details and entry blanks. Youll be proud to have your church represented in this selection of the Methodist Family of the Year.

## ht to the Heart

## rANLEY NEUENSCHWANDER

 tstor, Harlan, Ind.our Prayers for the Seasons [Janupage 35] were wonderful. Since churches are rural, we feel close od through nature. This series went $t$ to the heart of many members. ause the pictures are so typical, we able to place ourselves in the c and dedicate our life anew.

## esome and Disappointing' RS. JOHN DAHLBY <br> Paul, Minn.

have enjoyed Together and its tiful pictures until I saw Scenes nt the Life of Christ [by artists of a, December, page 35]. I was horriat the pictures of our Christ on the The one with those artificialing eyebrows is not my idea of my st, either. In fact, the whole collecis gruesome and disappointing.

## rt . . . Toward Good Life'

ARY ANN PARKER
rrysburg, N.Y.
egarding the Rev. George H. eron's comment [January, page 3]

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Now if you have questions about the ALL FAMILY PLAN, please write diect: TOGETHER Business Office, 740 V. Rush St., Chicago 11, III.
that Together "gives almost no hint of how to find Christ as Savior," may I express the opinion of one who has never before subscribed to a Christian publication?
Together is less direct and more subtle than the usual church magazine. It uses the picture-story technique of expressing the principles of Christian living and thus appeals more to those who most need religious guidance. Perhaps Mr. Pigueron finds Together a bit "watered down" merely because he has outgrown it. But let him remember that there are many of us who must start out on the Together level. Together's great service is that it starts so many previously indifferent people on the road toward the good life.

## Apologies to Mrs. Williams

GENEVIEVE TETER WILLIAMS Redlands, Calif.
When Together came, I was annoyed to see myself called a Methodist Grandma Moses. [January, page 16]. Why was the spotlight on her? I began my art career when I was 21 , so I had been an artist many years before Grandma Moses began to paint. Professionally, I had made my record long ago. . . . My life has been "art for art's sake."

Our apologies! Grandma Moses is self-taught, took up art late in life. Not so Mrs. Williams, aged 90-who long ago went from expert training to a distinguished career as an artist. We salute this remarkable woman!-Eds.

## 'Eccentric Bequests'

BRADSHAW MINTENER, Attorney Washington, D.C.

Has Your Town a Nest Egg? [February, page 20] is an intriguing article which makes one wonder why some people do as they do with their money as they approach "the last long mile." F. H. Goff's reaction, which caused him to originate a new idea in philanthropy, was natural. I have had the same reaction as I have read of large gifts in wills to animal cemeteries and other equally eccentric purposes.

However, we must realize that we are confronted with several important, firmly fixed principles, such as "every American has the right to deal with his property as he wishes."

The fact that so often such large sums are left to these wasteful objectives is a depressing commentary on our sense of values. Surely there are churches,
philanthropies, colleges, and other descrving institutions which desperatcly need money for training young poople for tomorrow's leadership.

## Norfolk Likes Its Sailors!

VICTOR E. RAMSEY, Pastor Boswell, Ind.

I espccially appreciated Fleet's in-at Church! [January, page 23]. It meant something special to me. In World War II I was stationed for a while at Norfolk, Va., and I attended the local churches regularly-usually Epworth Methodist in downtown Norfolk. In fact, at 19, I received my first local preacher's license from the Norfolk Distriet at a conference . . . granted upon joint recommendation of my home church, First Methodist in Robinson, Ill., with the endorsement of the Olney district superintendent and the pastor of Epworth Methodist, Norfolk.
The article brought back happy memories of similar experiences in Norfolk, where, contrary to popular Navy rumors, a sailor is welcome among decent people.

## 'Disciples' No Work of Art?

CHARLES R. SIMMONS, Pastor
Ridgecrest, Calif.
What a shock to see the collection of photographs of the 12 men labeled "disciples" [October, page 34] called a work of art! Why can't we have the works of the great artists of the past with their creative interpretations of the disciples? Or would it be too much to ask for some evidence in your magazine that there are contemporary artists who lift us above the level of photographic reproduction whether it comes by way of the brush or the camera? .
The appearance of Together is little more challenging than The Saturday Evening Post with a Methodist baptism. Ministers have the responsibility of preaching the prophetic words concerning community and culture. Doesn't the magazine which is supposed to strengthen this ministry also have a responsibility to help us look critically at the manifestations of our cultureeven Christian art?

## More on Christian Symbols?

## THOMAS G. HOFFMAN, Pastor Lafayette Hill, Pa.

Looking at the last 14 months' cover pages, . . . I notice a definite lack of Christian symbols . .
I realize that a book cannot be judged by its cover, but I am also aware that many people see very little beyond the cover. So maybe with the enrichment of life's beauty with Christian symbolisms, as you did with the November picture,


## Is Your Church Getting Through to the Unchurched?

As a national organization, perhaps your church is making good headway in missionary activity.

But how are you doing in your own back-yard? How are you letting your own neighbors know that you're ready to help them?

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you could make most of us happy. And then, too, I believe you would have cover pictures that would be worthy of the splendid contents of America's greatest Christian magazine.

To Pastor Hoffman and others who rejoice in the richness of Christian symbolism, we refer you to our February issue, pages 75-76.-Eds.

## Who Wrote It?

A. E. HEATHERINGTON Orlando, Fla.
In regard to One Solitary Life [December, page 1], I have a printed copy of this which I have had for a long time. My copy gives the author as Phillips Brooks. I don't know whether this is authentic.

## Was Schaff the Author? <br> HAROLD W. KING <br> Warren, Ohio

Regarding One Solitary Life. You stated that the author is unidentified. In one of my old scrapbooks I found this article credited to Dr. Philip Schaff (1819-1893).
Maybe this will help to clear this matter.

Many readers have sent in the names of men credited with writing One Solitary Life, prominently including $D r$. James Allan Francis, a Baptist minister, and several others. Certainly the writer, whoever he was, deserves more than anonymity. TOGETHER is continuing its research to try to ascertain the author. -Eds.

## 'Voice of Youth Is Not Heard' <br> RALPH W. WILSON <br> Maywood, Ill.

I was pleased to see Should Tecnagcrs Go Steady? [January, page 32]. An honest exploration of the problem has long been needed.

I am a high-school senior planning to enter the Methodist ministry and would like to express my gratitude to Howard Whitman for rounding out his work with the youth's point of view. All too often today, the voice of youth is not heard.

## Re: 'Barricr of Indifference'

LESTER H. BILL, Associatc Pastor Indianapolis, Ind.
Congratulations on the wonderful work you are doing in publishing Together. I also greatly appreciate the fine material in The New Christian Adrocatc. You are breaking through the barrier of indifference which blocks many people's minds toward Christian ideas. The use of the new word, Together, is excellent. We need a new
psychological approach toward mar religious matters, such as "mission and "prayer meetings," too . . .

## Tip to Older Parents

MRS. H. W. MARIS
Pecos, Tex.
We read a lot about the problems rearing children. Let me tell Togeth readers how we met and solved on

We were at the age when most foll are grandparents when our childre came along. We didn't have that smax youthful look of a parent. So we con plimented each other often in our chi dren's presence to assure them we we pretty special even if we didn't go in $f$ square dancing and walking shor Result, our children proudly accepte their "old-fashioned" parents and eve laughed when people mistook us $f$ their grandparents. We avoided ar shame that children so often imagir when their parents are compared others.

## To Prison We Go!

HERMAN K. SPECTOR, Librarian California State Prison
San Quentin, Calif.
We are grateful for your kindness sending six copies a month of Togeth for the last year. The interest show was tremendous for a religious public. tion. Even our library staff put T gether on top of their must readir They are of a solid opinion that $t$ issue with the 12 disciples was superi to anything of its kind.

So please accept our heartfelt than for your consideration and assistance helping our men.

Many churches and individuals a range to send Together as a gift institutions. Have you considered su a gift? - Eds.

## Remember 'Boy and Chick' Covel

M. C. HART

Long Bcach, Calif.
In April, 1957, Together's covi showed a boy holding a baby chick his hands. I had th
 cover framed ar now it hangs in $m$ pro shop at the go course.
There have bee many comments $c$ this picture and don't think I have ever seen a cute little boy. Is there any way of obtainir extra pictures? If so, kindly quote $m$ priccs. I can use a dozen-and I don care what they cost.

So many readers wanted the "bo and chick" cover to frame, our suppl


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of that issue was exhausted months ago. But Don, our alert office boy, has just found some over-run extras of the color section. Write Together's Reader-Service Section, 740 Rush St., Chicago, enclosing 25 cents apiece, to cover handling costs, for as many copies as you want. First come, first served!-Eds.

## Bishop Kennedy Flattered

SARAH FRANKS
Lisbon, Lowa
While searching for an oratorical declamation for speech contests, I came across Bishop Kennedy's Our Right to Be Wrong [December, page 16]. I thought you might like to know that I have decided to give it as a reading.

We're glad to grant Sarah special permission. Bishop Kennedy will be flat-tered-as we are-that his article will be declaimed.-EDs.

## Facing Up to Facts

## ERNEST L. BOYD <br> Wilmette, Ill.

Bishop Kennedy's Our Right to Be Wrong brings Together into full stature as a publication cognizant of, and unafraid to deal with, the most critical issue of the decade. The article brings into focus what I conceive to be the first duty of Christian American citizen-ship-the duty of evaluating, of exercising independent judgment, and of declining to relinquish the precious prerogatives of freedom of thought, of speech, of competition and of lawful action, including the "right to be wrong" throughout all of those most precious domains of worship and family life.

## Mr. Underwood: Penny-wise

## R. S. YEOMAN <br> Whitman Publishing Company Racine, Wis.

The article, Dollars for Your Pennies [January, page 60], was very well-written, and I consider it one of the most practical approaches to this hobby I have ever read. Sometimes writers who are not numismatists place the wrong emphasis on coin values. Mr. Underwood has done a splendid job which I am sure will do a lot of good for the hobby.

## No Symbols in Sallman Portrait

MRS. CHARLES W. MOTTRAM, JR. Nutley, N.J.

We have made a practice of saving any of your pictures which we consider outstanding and the basis for a good Christian home. Among these was a copy of Warner Sallman's portrait of

Christ [October, 1956, page 46]. R cently we were discussing this pictu with friends. They said that there a seven religious emblems painted in tl picture. The only two they cou identify were the chalice on the rig temple and a wafer on the forehead.

Neither my husband nor I had ev heard of these reported symbols an would appreciate learning more abo them. If symbols do appear, were th intentional?

Artist Sallman has had countless $r$ ports from people claiming to identi hidden religious symbols in his pain ing. He tells Together that he paint no symbols, hidden or otherwise.-Ei

## 'Together' . . . Key Word

H. I. STRIGHT, Exec. Secretary Minnesota Council of Churches Minneapolis, Minn.
The key word for the program of o Minnesota Council of Churches is "t gether." Our slogan, which you w see on our seal, is "Together we bui a righteous state." In leaflets and in $t$ Messenger we shall constantly carry o the meaning of this word. So we a interested in adoption of "Together" the name of Methodism's new fami magazine.

## Uplift in a Spire

## MRS. O. K. EVENSEN <br> Green Bay, Wis.

The November cover is much like little church I attend when I am at n summer home. It is a Methodist chur in a little settlement, Parfreyville, W

I feel that the modern churches a missing something by leaving off $t$ spire in their plans. We can't help b feel an uplift and a thought for bett living when we pass a church with lovely spire.

## In Every Member Canvass . . .

## RICHARD DRAKE, Pastor

Alliance, Ohio
Our Union Avenue Church, with membership of 943, embarked on t All Family Plan this past year, sendi Together to every family in the paris This was done as a part of the annu every member canvass program. I have had fine replies from all of o families. The children are reading and we make continued reference to throughout our church life in mas ways.

Our Official Board also sends Togetr er to the Public Library and to ea floor of the local hospital and the wai ing room. The magazine has been we received at these locations, and we at proud to be a part of this larger pre gram.

## Together/NEWSLETTER

STHODISM BECOMING A WHITE COLIAR CHURCH? Leaders at the church's Urban Life Convocation in Washingt on called for a hard-headed look at Methodism's trend in big cities. They agreed the church increasingly draws its membership from the upper bracket income groups, while the membership of laborers and other manual workers is on the decline. Another thing, Methodism is pulling out of downtown to become a suburban church. Dr. W. Vernon Middleton, general secretary of the Division of National Missions, warned: "We must orient our urban program to minister effectively to more than the privileged class, or we must reconcile ourselves to the truth that we have been unable to establish communication with other than the top layer."
THODISTS ROLL UP GAINS IN CUBA. Officials back from a ten-day evangelistic crusade there report 2,357 persons enrolled in membership training classes; 478 new members received. Cuban Methodism has doubled membership to more than 9,000 since 1950.
'E BIGGER CHURCH BUILDING BOOM. The nation's architects and artists, interested in church building, predicted at a Detroit meeting that 2,000 new churches will be built this year. (Methodists need one new church a day to keep pace.) Spending for new construction and remodeling may top $\$ 1$ billion, and definitely will surpass the $\$ 866$ million spent last year. But soaring church building still lags far behind skyrocketing population and church membership.
ITISH METHODISM LOSING MEMBERS. For the third successive year, church rolls show a drop-almost 3,000 last year-to a low of 739,680 . It's the fourth annual loss since 1948.
IRE NEWSPAPERS ACCEPT LIQUOR ADS. Only 12 per cent now refuse such advertising, says the Board of Temperance. Five years ago 26 per cent took this position. Apparent reason for the shift : cost-conscious publishers are taking a second look at the impressive $\$ 70$ million ad budgets set aside by the alcohol beverage industry.
N HALL OF FAME HONORS. The Methodist Board of Hospitals and Homes names three to its Hall of Fame in Philanthropy: Jacob Pierce Angle, Kansas City, Kan., for long-time service as trustee of Bethany Hospital in that city; Mrs. Alex E. Lundquist, Minneapolis, for benefactions to Walker Methodist Home; and Albert S. Pratt, Detroit, for 33 years' service as board member of the Methodist Children's Home Society.
(SHOP FREDERICK D. LEETE DIES. The 91-year-old minister, one of Methodism's two senior bishops, author of more than 15 books, and founder of the Methodist Historical Library, began preaching in Upstate New York. Later, as bishop, he headed Methodists in Southern and Midwestern states until his retirement in 1936.


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I Personal Testimouy

A noted preacher and writer proves by logic the answer to an old, thought-provoking question each one must ask:


## Our Loved Ones After Death?

By Norman vincent peale

1
WOMAN of past middle age came to visit me. "I ve a difficult problem," she said. "Three of the most stinguished physicians in New York have told me that nust undergo a serious operation not later than Mony morning, and that this operation may mean my ath. They told me frankly, because I asked them for e truth."
She had the quality of personality that could take the the, no matter how grim. "I lost my son in the war," e said as she showed me his picture. "I ask you, sir, if die as a result of this operation on Monday, will I see m again?"
She looked me squarely in the eye, searching for any definiteness or evasiveness. I looked squarely in her es and told her: "It is my positive belief, based upon hat I know of Jesus Christ, that you will see him ain."
"How soon will that be after I go?" she asked.
"I wish I could say," I replied, "but if your son were a foreign country and you went to see him, you would obably make for him just as soon as the ship had nded, wouldn't you?
"You will find him. It can't be long, for love can never se its own."
She continued, "I have a husband and a daughter. If die, I will see my son. If I live, I will be with them and timately we will all meet on the other side. Is that the ay it is?"
"Yes," I said. "You are in a very fortunate position. Regardless of what happens, you still have all your family for both now and then."
"God is very good," she said slowly.
When she stood up to leave, I took her by the hand and said, "You are one of the greatest personalities I have ever met."

Quietly, rationally, simply, she was getting ready for a journey. When she left me, she went to a photographer and had her picture taken. Later I saw those photographs and there was a light on her face. Next, she saw her lawyer, and even made arrangements for her funeral. Then, quietly and in utter peace, she went to the hospital, where she submitted to the operation; but, despite the best skill of modern science, due to that inscrutable force we call the will of God, she passed on. Today, I believe, she is with both her son over there and her loved ones here.
I cannot prove this; long ago I got ovcr the idea that, as a preacher of Christian religion, I have to prove everything. The man who disagrees can't disprove it. Although I cannot prove it scientifically, I can do so by a logic which goes beyond so-called scientific argument. It is the deep intimation and logic of the human soul, which, in the final analysis, is the ultimate secret and source of truth. What we feel inwardly in the logic of experience is true. The gospel of Christ tells us that death is a natural experience in the love of God.

# Kel <br> MIDMONTH POWWOW <br> Is TV a Monster in Your Home? 

By HOW ARD W HITMAN<br>Author and authority on home problems

TODAY THE PROBLEM for parents is not so much what's available on TV but how to control the selection. The arguments about a cheap Western with 15 murders in 15 minutes vs. the educational values of Disneyland have reached an impasse. There's good and bad on television. We-or our childrenmust make our own choices.
So the question now is how to manage the TV monster. Television has been lauded for re-establishing home life for our youngsters. But there are also those who claim it has kidnaped them in their own living rooms.
Let's be realistic. TV is here to stay. It is something new added to the permanent fixtures of living, as the car was added in the last generation and indoor plumbing in the generation before. Something new has moved into our living room and we can learn how to live with it.
TV spreads before children an alluring fare, some fine and wholesome, some mediocre, and some downright harmful.
But can't children regulate their TV viewing by themselves? Some can. But most children need help in this, as in crossing the street or learning to swim. Note this pertincut obscrvation of the Child Study Association of America:
"In those homes where children secm to profit most from television, the family has worked out both the amount of time which the children normally watch television and the
types of programs-in some instances, the specific programs."
Parents don't question their role in helping to regulate the number of hours a child sleeps, or practices the piano, or plays outdoors, or does hometvork. They are diligent in the regulation of eating. TV viewing is just as needful of guidance.
What shall our standards be? Is one hour a day enough? Or too much? What about three hours? Four hours? Just because they're free, shall we have daily telethons in our living rooms?

No outsider can fix the specific hours for your family. You are the expert on that. But here is a plan which I've tried with my own two children. It works. I call it the "Choice Chart System."
Ask your child to draw up a chart with seven vertical columns, one for each day of the week. Then have him divide it horizontally into the hours of the day, from after school until bedtime.
Have him fill in the chart with all the programs he would like to see for the week. Don't limit him; let him choose anything and everything.
Already you have achieved something. You have put the child to the task of studying the program offerings and thinking about them-the first step toward becoming a discriminating viewer rather than a channel flipper.
Now study the Choice Chart with him. This will acquaint you with the programs your child chooses.


You will find yourself asking hir questions, talking over the choice Probably you will watch a few pre grams to satisfy yourself about then

Then comes the final shaping , the Choice Chart. If your child ha chosen reasonable fare, with sprinkling of good, wholesome pre grams and not too much of th electronic comic-book offerings, yo may be able to accept the chart a is. Perhaps he will end up with total of an hour to an hour and half a day, with some special pre grams for Fridiy night and th weckend, and this may fit in wel with your family routine.


## Is TV a Monster in Your Home?

## Here readers say what they think.

## Wouldn't Be Without

TV is another of God's great gifts. I have three teen-age boys, wards of the state, living with me. My system for TV viewing is simple. The boys can watch, when their chores and homework are done, until bedtime, which is a set hour each night.-Mrs. Avery Main, Gales Ferry, Conn.

## A Baby Sitter Speaks

I'm 18 and baby-sit a great deal. I have noticed that at first, as with any new thing, the children can't bear to leave TV for a moment. But after the newness wears off they usually are content to watch when there is nothing else to do. In homes where parents feel their children watch too much TV they might try playing together with them.-Doris Bouton, Topeka, Kan.

## Answer: Planning?

We make it a point to plan family outings-picnics, skating, bike hikes, swimming, movies, and reading out loud-with our four children. This doesn't leave much time for indiscriminate TV watching.-Mrs. Robert Jackson, Franklin Park, Ill.

## Doesn't Have . . . Doesn't Miss

So far we do not have TV in our home and do not plan to buy one until the children have finished school. Every time I see TV the stupidity of the program convinces me that we are not missing much by keeping it out. $-F$. J. Belinfante, Lafayette, Ind.

## Programs by Vote

There is a firm rule in our home: Not later than 8 p.m., TV is shut off. If there is schoolwork to do, it comes first. Cowboy pictures are all right. The good man always wins out and that teaches youngsters a lesson. If my four youngsters argue about which picture to see, we vote and that's it. -Mrs. Gertrude W. Monk, Pittsburg, Calif.

## Harm Outweighs Benefits

TV has great possibilities for education if rightly used. However, it can monopolize time nceded for work, thought, conversation, creative activity, and praycr.

The effect on the young poople and
children of so much advertising of cigarettes and alcoholic beverages, and of the shoot-and-kill programs, surely is bad. The benefits are far outweighed by the harm.-Allen W. Corwin, Wellsville, N.Y.

## 'Excellent Family Programs'

Our son, 13, says TV has been a great help to him in keeping up on world events. Our little girl, six, enjoys some children's programs. There are some excellent family programs on Sunday mornings before church. TV is a monster only when Mother and Dad no longer control what goes on in their home and fail to have any family activity during the children's leisure hours.-Mrs. J. O. Armstrong, Pineville, Mo.

## No TV, More Fellowship

Last spring the picture tube on our TV set went blooey and we suddenly rediscovered family life. We had been trying to cram it in between commercials. Now we're one of those odd families which does not have TV. We can practically hear visitors sigh in alarm when they discover the fact, but after an evening of warm fellowship we know they haven't missed the loudmouthed cyclops a bit.-Mrs. Paul Kline, Jr., Anderson, Ind.

## By Invitation Ouly

TV poses no problems in our home. I believe the reason is that our children reflect their parents' attitude toward it. We have three girls, seven, five, and three. Our children seem to sense that if television is on and capturing our attention it has intruded on their rights, and their behavior degenerates until the set is turned off.

Television docs not run routinely in our home; it is brought into the home only by invitation for specific programs which we think will merit our attention and that of our children. $-P . D$. Adams, MD, Osage City, Kan.

## 5 Hours a Week

Here is how we handle televisionand it works:

Our set is in the basement recreation room, in a cabinet that closes when not in use. When the door is closed the empty screen is forgotten. We kecp a schedule pasted on the kitchen wall listing every program the children
may sec-a total riewing time of five hours a week. This is decided with the children, 11 and 7 , with the under standing that they must make choices -Margaret Hassig, Fort Wayne, Ind

## Twist of Wrist

TV can be switched off as well as or with the twist of the wrist. If a parent does not have the strength or courage to turn a little dial, he deserves to be ruled by TV.
The children and I enjoy many gooc shows on TV. However, when there is work for mother to do or home work for the children, TV becomes : silent partner.-Mrs. B. Schmiedeke Pittsburgh, Penna.

## Methodists Can Set Pace

Methodists are, after all, a minority We cannot dictate to all America, bui we can live decently as we choose. Tc solve the questions here considered, we must be masters of our homes and our children. Also, we must provide for the void we create. If a series of T\} programs is prohibited, the family musi provide acceptable substitutes througt family activities enjoyed together.-Stanley L. Grimes, Portland, Ore.

## Thanks, Mr. Disney!

A few years ago there were almost no movies suitable for children and TV had not yet appeared. Then came Walt Disney-a person with a delightful sense of youthful enchantment, a keen interest in God's world, and, I am sure, a real love for children. As a mother, I would like publicly to thank this gentleman, unique in this age of materialism.-lane N. Miller, Alcandria, $V a$.

## 'Deserves Much Credit'

We have found that by careful selection of programs, TV can successfully supplement a child's education and recreation in the home. We find it works well when the children are watching to consult the local TV listings before each change of program and to offer them a choice of desirable shows. . . .
Since TV offers such a wide variety of entertainment for the whole family, it certainly deserves much credit for helping families to spend more time at home together.-Mrs. Harlan Middlebrook, Cresco, Iowa


## What Is

 A
## Methodist Bishop?

By T. OTTO NALL, Editor, New Christian Advocate

CCHANCES ARE you recognized at least one of the 39 men pictured in color on the inside cover. You may have heard this man preach a time or two, and you may have been impressed by his eloquence. Or you may have seen him only at a ground breaking or a church dedication. Or you may have read our article, Methodism's Man on the Move [January, page $28 \mid$.

The Discipline of The Methodist Church refers to him as "chief pastor." John Wesley preferred "general superintendent." But to most laymen and ministers he is known as the bishop. The word for "bishop" in both Greek and Latin simply means "overseer," which is exactly what a Methodist bishop is.

There are 54 such men in the world. The U.S., with its greatest concentration of Methodists, has 37. Some 20 bishops now in retirement are not included in this figure. The number of bishops in America has grown steadily with population and church membership.

Your bishop is a traveling, preaching, writing, superintending, and presiding man. His is the ultimate human responsibility for the growth and spiritual welfare of the church throughout the world. Oddly enough, he has no chance for advancement. When he becomes a bishop he has gone as high as he can in The Methodist Church.

The bishop is pastor to the preach-er-and it is within his power to move the minister to any church in his area. But he is a warm, understanding, democratic man who would rather not be held in awe.

He is an elected officer of the church, chosen for his special qualifications as a leader, writer, speaker, thinker, administrator. He may have all or some of these talents, but in all probability he is an eloquent preacher of the gospel.

The bishop has several right-hand men in his area. These are the district superintendents, whom he appoints. He hats the final say in the appointment of ministers, but ustally goes along with the recommendiltion of the district superintendent.

He is not a "holy man" in the accepted meaning of the term. But he has authority from which there is no appeal except on matters of church law, which go to the Judicial Council. He does not "run" the church. He administers the laws handed to him by the General Conference, which meets every four years. He cannot make laws or initiate programs other than those set forth by laymen and ministers in the General Conference. In the Conference he has no vote.

A bishop is elected for life by the ministers and lay people of his own jurisdictional conference. He can expect to retire after the jurisdictional conference nearest his 70th birthday.

He is assigned to his area by a committee of ministers and lay people. His salary is $\$ 12,500$ a year, minus 3 per cent retirement pay, plus some expenses.

He receives no special deference, but his constituents hold him in high regard. He is seldom seen in the formal attire of his office. He does not always agree with his brothers when he meets with them in council, usually twice a year.

The strength of the episcopacy depends on his mental, moral, and physical stamina. He is dedicated to a dual purpose-the ultimate salvation of man and the building of Christ's kingdom on earth. To this end he is consecrated in a ceremony which concludes with these questions: "Will you be faithful in ordaining and appointing others; will you seek to deal justly and kindly with your brethren of the ministry over whom you are placed as chief pastor ?"

FROM consecration on, as Bishop Gerald Kennedy points out in The Methodist Way of Life (Prentice Hall, $\$ 3.50$ ), a bishop is called on for more qualities than any one man should be expected to possess. He must study and meditate without ceasing, for he has many sermons to preach in many pulpits. If he writes, he must sandwich the chore among a multitude of others. He must make decisions affecting thousands.

A bishop is called on to raise large sums for church extension in his area and the world. He must inspire his preachers to do their best, often in the face of overwhelming odds and heartbreaking frustration.

In the final balance, when a bishop's works are weighed, he will not be judged by the sermons he has preached, the money he has raiserl, the colleges he has built, or the momentous decisions he has made. The final test of his service will be in the effect he has had for good in the local community through the local church.

# Immortal Story 

By FELIX R. McKNIGHT

## Palm Sunday:

## day of great triumph



T
HE 33-YEAR-OLD son of a carpenter rode triumphantly astride a restless colt through Jerusalem's gates 1,929 years ago today-acclaimed as the prophesied Messiah.

Thousands of the faithful hurried along the streets, tossing their mantles and palm branches on the rough stones before the young, sad-eyed Jesus of Nazareth, crying out
"Hosanna to the Son of David."
The day was magnificent in its beauty. It was April and spring. The Sabbath sun's brilliance sparkled across vineyards and orchards. Velvety blue skies canopied the countryside.

Only a few hours before, Jesus had gathered around him on the nearby Mount of Olives, at Bethpage village, his 12 disciples. He told them of his fate, that he was to be outraged, struck and spit upon, and finally put to death.
It seemed incredible to his followers. But Jesus calmed them. Death was to be the promise of a second, and greater, life and his passion was to insure eternal freedom of man. So with a beckoning gesture he started his trimphal mareh upon Jerusalem-a condemned man who thrice had escaped death but who now chose it to save mankind.
The crowd swelled like a mad river out of its banks as the procession neared Jerusalem. The faithful, caught in a great moment of hope, slashed palm branches and boughs of myrtle from the forests and waved them high.
The din grew and some feared a riot at the gates. The

Pharisees, gathered to prepare the sacrifice of the Passov hurried to the scene and drew cloaks about troubled fa as they heard the rolling shout:
"Blessed be the King that cometh in the name of the Lo peace in heaven and glory in the highest!"

The first Christian legion storming Jerusalem's ga irkcd the Pharisees and some cried out at this strange Je: of Nazareth.
"Master, rebuke thy disciples!"
But the answer withered them, rang like a challenge war:
"If these should hold their peace, the stones would; mediately cry out!"

Stones? The stones of dusty streets which had twice be hurled at Jesus in murder attempts. The desert stones whi he had refused to turn into loases of bread upon the dare his enemy. The issue was made. On he rode, the trace of smile on his gentle face as he raised his head slightly acknowledge the drumming hosannas.

A tear dropped on his cheek. He was crying softly himself, not in self-pity; not for the suffering he would e dure; not for the shame he knew he faced; not for the dea that awaited him a few days hence.

No. He sorrowed not for himself, but for the poor sou who were about to perjure and compromise themselves the altar of unbelicf. Knowing that the Scripture must fulfilled, that the prophecy must come to pass. he knew the would do just that.

Mcanwhile, the Pharisees called hurried councils amor: the chief priests and scribes to discuss the threat this carpet ter's son hat brought to their midst. The throngs that tea fully shouted at his heels disturbed them. He was a mena to be destroyed.

But Jesus, marching ironically in triumph to his doon heard only the joyons shout that pounded over Jerusalemeven to the walls of the Temple on the hill; the Templ filled with $\sin$.
"Hosanna to the Son of David!"
Tomorrow he would lash from the Temple of God th money-changers, the bankers, the vendors who dared to it vale the house of the Lord.

## Monday Before Easter:

day of authority
ESUS OF NAZARE:TH strode up the dusty Jernsalem strect to the Temple of Cod, thanked by his fersent followers. On the hilltop, the Temple beckened in deceiving brilliance. But his gentle heart flamed into rightoous nelignation as he drew near. Ite saw what he had feared. Sin had occupied the house of the Lord.
Greed was etched in the faces of the money-changers who an dirty hands through bowls of silver and copper. Herdsaen hawked their wares in the fild of their flocks. Vendors houted raucously beside their pigeon coops.
Oxen bellowed against a bickdrop of bleating lambs. Against the din, he stood in scorn and viewed it all. The house of prayer now was a house of Mammon, and money-changers cheated and lied and became the tools of priests.
No longer could he restrain his scorn. The gentlest of all men seized a knotued rope and lashed his way through the market place. He stung evil backs and upset benches of the money-changers. Copper and silver coins clatered to the floor and rolled away. Greedy men bawled in astonishment.
Herdsmen stampeded oxen and sheep through the Temple oors and vendors tumbled to the floor beside upset coops. he babble drew others from nearby courtyards and the amor rose at the sight of this man cleansing the Temple f God.
He stood majestically brandishing his whip and with the ist of the money-changers crawling from the Temple, loudly alled after them:
"My house shall be called the house of prayer; but ye ave made it a den of robbers and thieves!"
And suddenly the courts were cleared and there was peace. Soon, in the new quiet of the Temple, there came the lind and the lame. Boys of the neighborhood, possibly choir oys, cautiously slipped in to see this man who had driven vil from holy walls.
The chief priests and scribes of the Pharisees, drawn to the cimple by the act of Jesus of Nazareth, watched incredibly hile he healed the afflicted. They frowned uncomfortably hen little children cried and joyously shouted:
"Hosanna to the Son of David!"
Indignantly the priests called out to him:
"Do you hear what they say?"
And Jesus answered:
"Why are they saying this of me? Haven't you read in he Scriptures: 'You have drawn praise from the mouths of hildren and infants'!"
And that silenced the Pharisees. But it taunted them and t was that night that they banded together and conceived he bribing of a betrayer-and the cross. It was a delicate hot to plan, for the people had accepted Jesus as the Messiah nd hung upon his every word.
On that day Jesus, weary and faint of hunger, walked rear Bethany. He saw a fig tree and sought to satisfy his funger. But the tree was barren of fruit and he grew in-
dignam. He spoke that tio nure lrait would grow on that tree.

Whathew reported the tree withered at onec. John told that when they pased it the nest dhy it hand perished. Bint in any exem it could noe sulfer his ire.
Jesus told his followers it was hut a lesson- dhate men necalded to realize a simple faith, a faith in (iod which rests on him alone.
He was trying to tell them that the fig tree was like Jcrusalem which, with its foliage, was magnificent in its welome on the day of his triumphant Sablbath entry. But, actually, it had not reccived him, did not understand his visitation, and was as barren as the tree he had spurned.
And then he went to Bethany for a night of quict.

## Tuesday Before Easter:

## day of controversy

IT WAS TO BE a bitter and full day for Jesus of Naza-reth-the Tuesday before Easter, last day of his public ministry.
So with the dawn over Bethany he arose, gathered his disciples, and started for the Temple of God he had cleansed the day before.
Jerusalem was feverish.
It had heard in every house how Jesus drove the wicked from the house of the Lord. The poor rejoiced and left the alleys; leprous beggars lurched toward the Temple; crattsmen long suffering at the hands of the rich closed their shops.
The courts were overflowing as he walked in one of the porches to begin his teaching. The lame and the poor watched imploringly. The multitude belonged to Jesus that day.
But he was not to be without enemies. In small groups the Pharisees and scribes who plotted his death filtered into the courtyard. They were haughty sights. Sneering mouths, scorn in their eyes, tilted chins.
Jesus paused and awaited their attack. He knew why they had come. He knew their cunning. Soon one of them shouted:
"By what authority do you preach-and who gave this authority?"
Jesus' answer shamed them and the multitude was pleasel.
"I u'ould ask you a question. If you cnsuser, I will tell you by what authority I do these things. The baptism of lohnwhence was it? From heaven or from men?"
The Pharisees were shaken. If they answered "from heaven" he would ask, "Why did you not believe him?" If they answered "from men" they would be stoned, for the people were persuaded John was a prophet. So they shamefully said:
"We know not."
And Jesus said:
"Neither will I tell you by what authority I do these things."
Again the Pharisees tried cunning. One asked: "Is it lau'ful to give tribute to Caesar? Why pay taxes?"


Jesus deliberated. To have said, "No" would have been to command rebellion. To have said, "Yes" would have belied his own claim to Messiahship. But he knew well of their hypocrisy. He took a coin and said: "What is Caesar's give to Caesar, and what is God's to God."

The Pharisees left the Temple. And the solution Jesus gave has settled for all time the principles underlying it.

Jesus paused for rest on nearby steps and watched the multitude cast money into the treasury. He saw a pauper widow give two mites, the smallest of coins, and knew that her sacrifice was the greatest of all. Their glances met and Jesus was pleased, although he did not speak.

Their silence was a tryst for heaven.
The day was long and Jesus tired. He silenced the Sadducees when questioned on resurrection and then the Pharisees reappeared to plague him on the law.
"What command is the greatest of the commandments?" they asked.
"You must love God with all your heart and all your soul and all your mind. There is a second. You must love your neighbor as yourself. There is none other commandment greater than these."

The evening came and Jesus wearied. He had told many parables and had attempted to correct many errors. It was then that he met the approach of the proselytes, Greeks who had married into Judaism. They wanted to become disciples of the Lord of Righteousness. They sent a messenger, Philip Bethsaida, accompanied by Andrew.

And Gentile converts were granted the right to worship and praise Christ. Jesus said unto Philip and Andrew:
"The hour is come that the Son of man should be glorified. If any man serve me, let him follow me; and where I am there shall also my servant be. If any man serve me, hin will the Father honor . . ."

And Jesus, perhaps the fullest day of his life ended-he had denounced woe on the Pharisees and scribes, he had foretold the destruction of Jerusalem and his own suffering on the cross-returned to the home of Lazarus in Bethany.

## Wednesday Before Easter: day of retirement

ON WEDNESDAY of his Passion Week, Jesus of Nazareth sought seclusion in the quict of friendly Bethany homes. No record of events of this day in his life is known.

But wicked schemers, the troubled Pharisees and scribes who feared the challenging power of the Son of David,
 met to plan details of his death.
To assassinate him openly would bring down the plague of the people. Betrayal and crucifixion; that was the plan. The right moment had to be found.
To the court of the high priest, Caiaphas, went the ploters to counsel together. The Sanhedrin, supreme council of the capital's ruling chiels, was crowded with priests who benc-
fited from the Temple's merchandising, scribes who tend the law, and elders who represented the middle class.

Why did this group seek the death of Jesus?
Greed and personal interests were the underlying cause
Intertwined in every business in Jerusalem, from the his to the low, was religion. The high priests were beneficiari of tithes, taxes from Temple trading, food from sacrific animals, and even from payments for first-born infants.

It was their privilege to take from herds and crops. Und the law, even the bread on their tables came from Jews w were compelled to give the twenty-fourth part of the bre: baked in their homes. They sold animals to be used sacrificial offerings. They formed secret partnerships wi the money-changers.

Shamefully, the Temple of God became a bartering po around which was wrapped the very life of Jerusalem. ( the Temple lived the priests and the wealthy. Merchar depended upon the priests and the rich and the millions pilgrims drawn from over the world to the tainted house worship.

The poor existed from scraps dropped them by the who desecrated the Temple.

To challenge this violation of God's house came Jest His teachings substituted love of man for every mercena scheme and threatened the continued existence of an famous network.

Many attempts to trap him with cunning questions h failed. Jerusalem was crowded with foreigners for $t$ sacrifice of the Passover and tens of thousands were eith listening to or hearing of his teachings. It troubled t Pharisees.

Only Nicodemus arose in the Sanhedrin to attempt c fense of Jesus. But he was quieted by fearful shouts others that if Jesus were permitted to continue his teac ings and gather great followings, the Romans would cos in conquering strength and seize the nation.

Finally the decision was made.
Jesus was to be seized before the Passover. But they we cowardly and still feared the wrath of the people. Ma schemes were discussed for the actual murder, but it w decided against assassination on the day of the Passov "an uproar among the people."
But on the next day came a traitor to solve their pre lem.
Judas Iscariot, one of the 12 disciples, was to betray 1 Master for 30 pieces of silver-a modest sum for an avaricio man. It could not have been more than $\$ 20$.

A small price for a man's life.
And no one knows to this day the mystery of Jud lscariot. We know only:
"Then entered Satan into Judas."

## Maundy Thursday:

## day of fellowshi

TTHIRTY PIECES of silwer were to be his doom befor the day's end, but Jesus of Nazareth tedious planned Maundy Thursday for last moments of fe lowship and prayer with his disciples.

Not many hours of life remained for him. He was to betrayed, given mock trial, and crucified before tomorrow sunset.
So it was his wish that he should gather for the la time his diseiples, but no worldly goods were his and $h$
had no home for such tellowship. He directed two
 disciples to go into Jerusilem and follow a man bearing a pitcher and in his home they would dine.

Many men bore pitchers of water from Shiloh on that day, but the disciples followed the first they saw and it was as he said. Mrrangements were made.

In the evening came Jesus and sat with his disciples for the Lord's Supper and the Passover feast. It was the first day of unarened bread. To prove his love for those he was soon to we, Jesus stooped and washed the dusty feet of his disples. Protests arose but he said:
"Verily, verily, I say unto you, a servant is not greater" an his Lord; meither one that is semt greater than he that nt him. If ye know these things, blessed are ye if ye do em."
In his sadness he gave them a new commandment:
"Love one another, even as I have loved yott. Greater ve hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for s friends . . ."
And he took the bread and broke it in prayer and gave to them, saying:
"This is my body which is given for you. This do in reembrance of me."
And he took the cup and gave thanks and handed it to apostle:
"Drink ye all of it, for this is my blood of the new venant which is shed for many . . ."
Great lines furrowed his face and he shocked his disles when he gazed at them sadly and, in his sorrow, told em directly:
"Verily, I say unto you that one of you will betray me." The disciples searched each other's faces and were sorwful. They quickly pleaded to know the identity of the trayer. Judas Iscariot, the 30 pieces of silver even then ,htly wrapped on his person, managed somehow to ask sus brazenly:

## "Is it 1, Lord?"

## In ansiver, Jesus said:

"He it is for whom I shall dip the sop and give it to m.'

And Jesus handed the sop to Judas Iscariot, who fled into e night. Then Jesus began his farewell conversation with e remaining disciples who were low in spirit and heavy of sart:
"Let not your heart be troubled. He who believes in God, -lieves also in me. In my Father's house are many mansions; it urere not so I would have told you, for I go to prepare place for your . . ."
The supper was ended and Jesus took with him to the arden of Gethsemane Peter and James and John. He nplored them earnestly to stay with him and keep a watch : he prayed.
And he fell to the ground and cried to God:
"Father, all things are possible unto Thee; remove this "p from me!"
But only an angel appeared to give him strength and in gony he prayed until blood and sweat coursed down his ot cheeks. He wearily arose and walked back to find the rree weary disciples lost in sleep. Not even his trusted iends could stand watch, it seemed, now that the hours of
agony and tribulation were at hand. Events were monng rapidly.

He peered down at the secepers and whappered:
"Slecp on uon' and tuke your rest. behold, the hon is at hand and the Son of man is betrayed anto the hands of sinuers."

Out of the shadows came Judas 1scariot in the light of lanterns. Swords rattled from seabbards of the motley rabble at his side. For 30 pieces of silier Judas Iscariot was to identily lesus with a kiss.

So he walked straightway to him and kissed his cheek. And Jesus asked:
"Friend, betrayest thou the Son of man with a kiss?"
The guards rushed forward and Simon Peter drew his sword and slashed an ear off the high priest's servant. Quickly Jesus said:
"Suffer ye them thus far."
And he touched the ear and healed it.
The disciples fled in confusion and fear, and Jesus was led away to the house of Annas. At that moment his death sentence neared.

And Judas Iscariot fled into the night and hanged himself.

## Good Friday:

## day of long suffering

TTHE DAY HAD COME-mockery, insults, the fiction of a legal trial, boundless pain, betrayal, and finally death on the cross.
It was the day of suffering for Jesus Christ.
Dawn was lifting the shades on that Friday when Jesus, insulted and slapped in the home of Annas, was bound and led away to the palace of Caiphas, high priest, a step on the last path to the cross.

The day's first grief came when Peter, frightened and confused, stoutly denied in Caiaphas' courtyard that he was a disciple of Christ, that he even knew him. A distant cock crew and Peter gazed into Jesus' face and remembered his words:
"Before the cock crows twice thou shalt deny me thrice."

And Peter stumbled into the streets and wept bitterly, his face hidden in his cloak.

Into the crowded Sanhedrin Jesus, alone now and wrists bound with rope, was shoved to hear perjurers testify before Caiaphas. Tiwo of them swore they had heard him say in the Temple of God:
"I will destroy this temple that is made with hands and in three days I will build another made without hands."

But Jesus answered nothing; nothing until his own words condemned him in the eyes of these evil schemers.

Caiaphas crooked a fin-
 ger toward him and asked:

## "Ait tholt the Son of God?"

And Jesus wrote his own death sentence:
"Ye say that I ant. I say unto you, Hereafter shall ye see
the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power and coming with the clonds of heaven."
Caiaphas shouted:
"Ye have heard the blasphemy. What think ye?"
Death! Death! Death! That was the verdict.
Jesus, exhausted and blindfolded, dried blood still on his cheek, stood with the guards. A passing scribe spat on him. The rabble of servants and guards gleefully followed suit. And then they played blind man's buff-striking him in his blindness and demanding that he identify his assailants without sight if he were really a prophet.

But soon they tired and Jesus was taken before Pontius Pilate, the Roman governor, for confirmation of his sentence. The Pharisees falsely testified again and Pilate, unwilling to shoulder the responsibility, sent him to Herod when he told him he was a Galilean. But Jesus was silent before Herod and the mob returned him to Pilate.

Pilate, defending Jesus through hate of Caiaphas, not love, offered Barabbas, an assassin, in exchange for Jesus, but the throng still clamored for his death. So Pilate had him stripped and arrayed in a purple garment, and the soldiers in the courtyard placed a crown of thorns upon his head and a reed in his right hand.

And they spat upon him and mocked him with:
"Hail, King of the Jews!"
And finally Pilate, fearful of the rising tumult, delivered him unto the mob and washed his hands in water, saying:
"I am innocent of the blood of this mall, see ye to it!"
Down the stony streets Jesus trudged, bearing his own cross. Two thieves followed, also doomed to crucifixion. Sobbing women, old men, children followed, crying. But Jesus urged them not to weep for him.

No longer could his strength hold. He fell to the street under his cross. Only gasps of breath showed life.
The Pharisees cast about in the crowd and picked one Simon to lift his cross that the procession might not be delayed. Outside the city's walls-capital punishment was illegal in the city itself-came the tragic, broken Jesus of Nazareth to a place called Golgotha, scene of the Crucifixion.
Four soldiers readied Jesus and the two thieves. Ropes under his arms lifted him to the cross and nails were driven into his hands and feet.
"Father, forgive them for they know not what they do . . ."
And one of the repentant thieves moaned in agony as Jesus comforted him.
"Today shall thou be with me in paradise. . ."
Away from the howling men, fearful of it all, stood his mother, Mary. To John and Mary, Jesus whispered:
"Woman, behold thy son; son, behold thy' mother!"
Midnight darkness came and the sun was obscured. Many fled in fear, but some lingered. The parched lips moved again and at the ninth hour he said:
"My' God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?"
Dust and blood coated his lips:
"I thirst . . ."
And a vile soldier dipped a reed in vinegar and brushed it to his mouth.
"It is finished . . ."
The hody trembled and the lips parted in finat agony:
"Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit . . "
And his head bowed and he gave up the ghost.
Suddenly, told Mathew, an earthquake struck and the curtain of the Temple was torn from top to bottom. The earth shook and rocks were splintered. Tombs opened and bodies of saints were raised.

The poople, in fear and awe, heat their breasts and cricd:
"Truly, this u'as the Son of God!"

## Saturday:

## day of everlasting sorroze

JESUS CHRIST was dead. Man's freedom had bee assured. Three crosses stood in Golgotha's darkness an only one of the two thieres breathed. The crowd ha fled and in the shadows lingered only the three Mary:
To Pilate hurried those who demanded that the legs a the crucified be broken at once and the bodies buried.

It was ordered and as was the custom to hasten th death of the crucified, a soldier broke the legs of the livin thief. Jesus was dead, but John told that his side wa pierced with a spear in a last gesture of cruelty.

Two notables of Jerusalem, Joseph of Arimathea an Nicodemus, went before Pilate in the secrecy of darkness an asked for the body of Jesus. Pilate, mindful that some the crucified lived many hours in agony, was astonishe that he should be dead.
So he called before him the excutioner and, being a sured of his death, gave unto Joseph the body of Jesu And Joseph took fine white linen bands and returned $t$ Golgotha where he met Nicodemus, whose servant boi many pounds of myrrh. It was a dark and sinister nigh and the two set out flaming torches.
Slowly they lifted him from the cross and placed $h$ body on the knees of Mary, who had borne him. And the they carried him to Joseph's nearby garden, where sepulcher had been hewn from rock for Joseph's famil It was to be the burial place of Jesus Christ.

Water was brought from the well and his body washed. The three Marys lifted from his bloodied brow the crown of thorns Pilate's soldiers had woven in mockery. They smoothed his long hair and tenderly washed his many wounds.
The pounds of myrrh were touched to his body and the winding linen was wrapped about him and he was laid deep in a subterranean passageway intended for Joseph's hody.
It was done and they
 kissed his forehead and departed.

But the three Marys lingered at the entrance to th sepulcher, where Joseph and Nicodemus had closed th opening with a great stone. They were troubled and coul not leave him alone.

One by one they prayed and then it is told that the recounted many stories of his kindness and his acts. But th night was cold and black, and finally, weeping, they wer away.

Death had not eased the hearts of the wicked Pharisee and they still worried over the words of Jesus when h said:
"After three days I shall rise again."
So they hastenced to Pilate and urged that he act.
"Command that the sepulcher be made sure until th third day lest his disciples come and steal him auray an say unto the people, 'He is risen from the dead.' And the the last crror would be uorse than the first."

Pilate answered:
"Ye hate a guard; go, make it as sure as you can."

So the Pharisees and scribes went by torchlight to the epulcher protected by guards, and in the chill night scaled the great stone.

And then they went to their homes and the day of intamy was done.

## Easter Sunday:

## day of resurrection

IN THE EARLY HOURS of that morning came a quake and the earth trembled and Jerusalem was troubled. Out of the skies as a lightning shaft came an angel in white raiment to the sepulcher where Jesus Christ lay buried. He rolled away the great stones and terrified guards fell as if dead.

And then the dawn was still and beautiful.
One by one the stars were doused and a morning carved from heaven broke over the countryside.

In great caution and sadness went Mary Magdalene and Mary of Bethany to the sepulcher to weep once more over their departed Master; perhaps to spread more spices over his body if the stone could be moved. But they were astonished and without words when they saw the stone had been rolled away.

Could his body have been stolen away in the night? W'as it possible that even now he was lying in a common grave?

The women moved closer and dared to enter. At first they saw nothing. Then a young man whose white garment shattered the tomb's darkness spoke:
"Be not afraid. He is not here, for he is risen as he said."

Frightened, trembling, the women listened.
"Go quickly and tell his disciples that he is risen from the dead. And behold, he goeth before you into Galilee; there shall ye see him."

Quickly the women fled to the home where his disciples were in hiding and spread the news.
"They have taken away the Lord out of the tomb, and we know not where they have laid him!"

Simon Peter and John heard and rushed from the house. John, the younger, came first to the sepulcher and looked past the opening. He saw linen cloth on the ground, but was fearful of entering.

Simon, breathless from his run, arrived and the two disciples entered the tomb. True, the linens and the white napkin which had been folded around his head were there. And they departed in haste and returned as rapidly as they could run to their house.

But Mary lingered and wept. She peered into the sepulcher and saw two angels sitting where his body had been. And they said:
"Woman, why do you weep?"
"Because they have taken away my Lord and I know not where they have laid him."

Then she turned to go away and Jesus stood nearby, but she did not know him.
"Womzan," he asked, "why do you weep? Whom do you seek?"

But Mary supposed him to be the gardener and she said:
"Sir, if you have taken him away, tell me where you have laid him and I will take him away."

And Jesus said unto her:
". Mary."
And she rejoiced and cried:
"T cucher!"
But he motioned her away and said:
"Touch me not, for I am not yet ascended unto the Finther. But go to my brethren and say to them, 'I ascend unto my' Futhar, and your liather, and my God and your Godl.'"

Mary arose and rushed to the disciples, exclaiming:
"I hate sect the Lord!"
The word spread and Mathew told that dazed guards reported the Resurrection to high priests and scribes. In hurried counsel with the elders it was decided to give the guards much money and say unto them:
"If questioned suy, 'His disciples came by night and stole him away while we slept.'"

Soon, two friends of Jesus who had been in the house with his disciples journeyed afoot to nearby Emmaus and were talking of events of the last few days in Jerusalem. A shadow fell across their path and they turned to see a stranger. He inquired of their conversation and they told him the story of Jesus' suffering and the reports of his Resurrection. But of the last, they spoke in doubt.

And then the stranger started from Moses and quoted from all the prophets in interpreting the Scriptures. Soon they arrived in Emmaus and he sat down with them to cat. He blessed the bread, and breaking it, gave it to them. The bread was broken!

In astonishment they looked and they knew it was he! And then he vanished. Straightway they returned to Jerusalem and burst into the house of the disciples, saying:
"The Lord is risen indeed, and hath appeared to Simon!"
And while the 11 disciples heard in wonderment, he appeared in the doorway. One by one he looked at them and then he said: "Peace be unto you."

The disciples were frightened and feared they had seen a spirit.
"Why are ye troubled and why do questionings arise in your hearts? See my hands and feet, that it is I myself. Handle me and see, for a spirit has not flesh and bones as ye behold me having."

He lifted his hands and
 showed them his feet. The scars of crucifixion were still there. He opened his garment and the mark of the spear was on his side.
In joy they still disbelieved and he asked for meat. And he took it and ate. They believed.
"Peace be unto you. As the Father hath sent me, even so send I you. Receive ye the Holy Spirit. Whosesoever sins ye forgive, they are forgiven unto them. Whosesoever sins yc retain, they are retained . . ."

They believed and went out to carry his gospel into every land.
And out of the heavens seemed to come words reminiscent of his Baptism:
"This is my beloved Son in whom I am well pleased . . ."

This sensitive account of Christ's last week on earth was wrltten by a leatling Dallas, Tex., Mlethodist layman and editor, Felix R. Mcknight. It originally appeared in The Dallas Nows. Later it was publlshed in book form and coprrikhted br Henry Holt and Compans, with whose permission we are privileged to share it with you.-EDS.

Fraternities across
the country are undergoing a drastic change.

Pranksters once, many are helping others now.


Not long ago fraternity pledges were made to prove how much thcy could take.

## Hell Week's Gone

ONE BITTERLY COLD night two years ago a young university fraternity pledge, victim of a Hell Week prank, was abandoned by his fraternity brothers on a lonely road outside the town. Blindly seeking his way back to the campus, he stumbled across a frozen rescrvoir, fell through the ice, and drowned.

On another campus, a student died of burns received during an initiation ceremony. Still another was injured when he fell, blindfolded, down a mountainside.
The past is dotted with tragedies resulting from Hell Week shenanigans. True, thousands of young men have gone through initiation without harm; nevertheless, the few exceptions have given college fraternities a black eye most do not deserve.

Until recently, however, pledging a fraternity was something like signing up for the Foreign Legion. As a pledge sceking active membership, a
youth was apt to be subjected to night-long hikes, paddlings, goldfish swallowings, and a selection of oddball antics which had little to do with the ideals of his fraternal organization. The purpose was to show how ealger he was to become a member.

Today, however, the tide is setting strongly in the opposite direction. Help Week is replacing Hell Week on campuses across the country -with Methodist-related schools among the leaders.

This year as Easter approaches, for example, Syracuse University's 35 fraternities are preparing to take up brooms, mops, brushes, and pails to join in a community-wide cleanup and fix-up project that in the past has aided 28 health, welfare, and civic agencies. Many chapters throw parties for orphans and underprivileged children on the various holidays.

At Methodism's Oklahoma City University, the brothers of Lambda

Chi Alpha join their parents cach year in an Easter breakfast.

Once every fall. University of Denver fraternities combine to treat orphans to a picnic and a college football game. All 12 fraternities at Wesleyan University in Middletown. Conn., open their houses to town kids just before Christmas.

At Boston University, the dean of men is constantly badgered for lads on manual-labor jobs. Northwestern University's 31 fraternities join sororities and independent students in week-long Operation Evanston, a community clcanup crusade.

At American University, Washington, D.C., fraterninty pledges are Christmas dinner hosts to some 75 youngsters from local orphans' homes. Initiates also carry out projects for needy groups, including the amual cerebral-palsy drive.

In other schools, too, Help Week is catching fire. Delta Upsilon at the


「oday many are required to take part in profects such as community cleanups.

## By GORDON GOULD

Jniversity of Missouri assigned ledges to refurbish a rural schoolnouse. At the University of Maine, ledges painted the interior of a hurch. Sigma Chi of the University of Tennessee adopted a needy family. How did this all start? In $19+9$ a Jniversity of Indiana student deided it was pointless for college nen to behave like adolescents. So vhen the time came for Alpha Tau Jmega to process the season's crop if pledges, Bob Lollar suggested hey be set to work repainting a com-nunity-service building.
By the next year, more than half he fraternities at Indiana had unked Hell Week. Today, an estinated 75 per cent of the nation's 3,600 fraternities have squeezed the "Hell" out of Hell Week.
You get a close-up of how this rew help-others philosophy works vhen you look at the case of a ypical pledge-Bud Hilpert of the

University of Washington in Seattle. Bud thought he was lucky to be invited to pledge Sigma Chi, one of the largest fraternity chapters on the campus. He considered himself fortunate, too, to have landed a parttime job at Providence Hospital to help pay his living expenses. There remained just one hurdle before ohtaining his cherished pin--Hell Week. Instead:
"You will join other pledges in devising a work project for yourselves," he was told.
It was Bud who dreamed up the project. At his hospital job, he had met a practical nurse named Yvonne Dupont, whose three small sons knew no Christmas but the crèche their mother set up during the holiday season. On her meager earnings there was never enough money for food and rent and presents, too.
"What do you say we give this family a real Christmas:" Bud
arkeal the wher pletges. " 1 ( Marise mas they'll never forget."

There was enthusiastic agremem. Pledges seatered through scottle, calling on shopkecepes, grocess, supply houses, private citizems. On Christmas. Eve Buct dimbed into a Santal suit and led a decorated caravain through the city to the old homse where Mrs. Dupont and her boys were preparing to spend another uneventul Christmas. There, before the family's astonished cyes, the collegians held one of the biggest parties Seattle had ever seen.

Among the gifts were complete outfits for the whole family, sports cequipment and toys for the boys, a sewing machine, a ton of grocerics, and promises of a year's free medical and dental bills. As Bud predicted, this was a Christmas the Duponts would never forget. Nor would the men of Sigma Chi who had changed Hell Week to Help Week.
In similar vein, a record 400 oldsters attended an annual Old Folks Party given by Wisconsin's Sigma Alpha Epsilon chapter last year. Other fraternities send their brothers out to local YMCAs, Scout troops, boys' clubs, and church centers. They clear land for playgrounds, distribute civil-defense literature, spark charity drives, wash cars, build, and give the proceeds to such organizations as CARE. Quite a few fraternities support a war orphan. Phi Delta members at Oregon State turn out each year as handy men for a WCTU farm home.
A unique project is under way at the Penn State chapter of Delta Upsilon. There the brothers are working to scrape and repaint Admiral Dewey's flagship. And amongr the 58 fraternities at the University of Illinois, said to be the fraternity capital of the world, the Help Week spirit is so strong that there aren't enough projects to go around.

Fraternity men don't have to do these things. They're not running service clubs or charitable organizations. Then why do they take on such projects?

One reason is that most fraternitics realize positive steps must be taken to counteract throughtless acts and unfortunate incidents in the past.
A second reason is that the World War II veterans who swarmed onto the campuses during the late ' 40 s had

# getting along 

## Together

My home town was tiny. Dad was the grocer. Nearby was the blacksmith, and a little farther the wagon maker. In the same block was a little brood of three youngsters, whose mother had just died. And it was Easter.

At dawn that Sunday, my mother got up and silently slipped across to the children's house, to hide a few eggs on the lawn. In the half-darkness, she saw two figures moving stealthily about. Frightened, she was about to run-when they straightened up and she recognized them.

The blacksmith and the wagon maker-also out hiding Easter eggs for the youngsters.
-Mns. Hazel Tedfond, Keokul, Iowa.

I was on the bus when a woman boarded it with her Negro maid. There was only one seat left. "You take it, Mandy," the woman said. "You've worked hard all day and are tired.'
The maid did so. Almost immediately, a colored woman at the rear arose, and offered her seat to the white woman -with a smile of thanks that set the whole bus to feeling better.
-Theoble Wing Alleeson, Los Angcles

Everybody in our neighborhood knows Aunt Laura. She's 95, blind, and, since all her friends have passed away, terribly lonely. But each morning at nine, Aunt Laura's day is brightened by a phone call. It's from a young woman who lives on a farm; by that hour, she has packed her children off to school and is ready to start her day's chores. But first, she phones this old, blind lady-and reads the day's devotions from The Upper Room to her. She says it helps bring Gol's hessing on both of them each day.
-Canot Luth, Shelroygan balls, Wis.

Every chair in the hospital wating room was occupied, mostly by children with gloomy faces. Into the room shufled an old man with a paper hag. He went from child to child, stopping to give cach a candy har from his hag and a few words of happy grecting. By the time he left, the youngsters
were laughing and chattering. I asked who the man was.
"He's the doctor who used to run this hospital," I was told. "He's too old to practice now, but he comes here almost every day to talk with the children and give them the things his parents could never afford to give him."
-Mns. J. L. KiNonle, Burtun, Kian.

His cows gave a country doctor I knew more milk than his family could use, so he told some undernourished children to stop by each morning for a bucket of milk. A few weeks later, however, his wife told the youngsters they would have to pay for milk in the future.
And what did the doctor do when he learned of this? He secretly gase the children money to buy the milk from his wife.
-mins. L. Wooton, Hilliston, Fla.

I was superintendent of the campus Sunday school in a theological college in India. We had a garden and I used to give the students' children seeds and scedlings.
I never knew how many were actually planted, but some months after I had distributed seedlings one year two children shyly presented me with a basket of ripe tomatoes.
When, I, who had so much, hesitated to accept the gift, their mother explained, "These are the first fruits from the plants you gave us." I realized then that she was teaching her children to say "thank you"-and I, in accepting the gift, learned how to reccive gracefully.
-Mrs. C. S. Thoberns, Jabalper, India

I have taught school for many years. Last year a little girl was cnrolled in my first grade who was an inspiration. Sandra's daily ambition was to see the good in others; to find something for which to offer praisc. On the last day of school as I was passing out awards to the children one child shouted angrily, "Carl got two!"
Sandra jumped up and jovfully yelled, "Let's give him a big hand."
-mis. B. R. Hewser, Valc, N.e.

True tales which have brightenced a day or an hour for you may do the same for others. Send yours to Togitiliz. For cach story wised, uce pay \$5.-Eds.
seen too much of the world to awed by senseless pranks. Th balked at the traditional Hell Wee

A third reason is the spiritual $L$ lift men feel when they apply the selves to helping others. Richard Stoddart, president of Kappa Sigr at Dartmouth, puts it this wa "There is a very real sense of pri in completing a community projo or in watching the happy faces of first graders when Santa Claus com down the chimney."

Other fraternities feel that spiritı values must be emphasized by groi participation in religious observanc At Oklahoma City University, Sigr Phi Epsilon brothers generally atte some church en masse each Sund: And a growing number of fraterı ties at the University of Texas ha a religious retreat once a year, cc ducted jointly by chapter leade alumni, and church counselors.

The idea of service to college a community, says Don Sullivan Beta Theta Pi, University of Mins sota, "keeps us from assuming th brotherhood can be easily attain and easily discarded."
"And unless fraternities can bes fit other people as well as their or members," adds Brad Fowler, a F Gamma Delta at Texas Universi "it is difficult to justify them in al body's eyes."

Not long ago, the fraternities the University of Miami "justifie themselves in an unusually drama manner. It was eight o'clock on Tuesday night-meeting night many fraternities-when the pho rang urgently in one of the chapt houses. The call was from a near hospital where a man lay dying fro internal bleeding. He needed it mediate transfusions of the uncon mon O-negative blood. From t doctor on the other end of the 1 i came a plea: "Can you help us
In the next few minutes, a roun robin telephone call was begun to the other fraternities, alerting the to the emergency. Meetings we abruptly disbanded. By $8: 30$ the he pital corridors were filling wi donors. By midnight some 50 pints blood, 26 of them O-negative, we on deposit. And in the gratef patient, the light of life shown brigt ly once again-all because brothe hood was more than just a word these young fraternity men.

The Day We Flew the Kites

By FRANCES FOWLER

STRING!" SHOUTED Brother, bursting into the kitchen. "We need lots of string."
It was Saturday. As always, it was a busy one, for "Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work" was taken seriously in those days. My father and Mr. Patrick next door were doing chores about their large yards. March was a busy time.

Indoors, Mother and Mrs. Patrick were running around in their usual Saturday marathon, complicated by spring cleaning. Such a windy day was ideal for "turning out" clothes closets. Already woolens flapped on clotheslines which snaked across the adjoining back yards.
Somehow the boys had slipped away to the back lot with their kites. Noiv, even at the risk of having Brother impounded for beating car pets or washing windows, they had sent him to the house for more string. All of theirs had played outheaven knows $h$ w many yards! Apparently there was no limit to the heights to which kites would soar today.
My mother looked out the window. The sky was piercingly blue; the breeze fre $h$ and infinitely exciting. Up in all that blueness sailed great puffy billows of clouds. It had been a long, hard winter, but toda was spring.
My mother looked frem the pie-baking clutter on the kitchen
table to the disordered sitting room, its furniture all moved out of line for a really Spartan sweeping. Again her eyes wavered toward the window. "Come on, girls!" She fumbled in the kitchen-table drawer for a new roll of twine. "Let's take string to the boys and watch them fly the kites a minute."

On the way we met our neighbor, Mrs. Patrick, laughing guiltily, escorted by her girls.

There never was such a day for flying kites! God doesn't make two such days in a century. We played all our fresh twine into the boys' kites, and still they soared. We could hardly distinguish the tiny, orangecolored specks. Now and then we slowly reeled one in, finally bringing it, dipping and tugging, to earth, for the sheer joy of sending it up again, feeling its vibrant tug against the twine as it sought the sky. What a thrill to run with them, to the right, to the left, and see our poor, earthbound movements reflected minutes later in the majestic sky dance of the kites! We wrote wishes on slips of paper, punched holes in them, and slipped them over the string. Slowly, irresistibly, they climbed up until they reached the kites. Surely all such wishes would be granted!

Even our fathers dropped hoe and hammer and joined us. Our mothers took their turns, laughing like schoolgirls. Their hair blew out of their decorous pompadours and curled loose about their cheeks, their gingham aprons whipped about their legs. Mingled with our puppyish delight was a feeling akin to awe. These adults were playing with us, really playing! The gulf between parent and child was greater then than now. Once I looked at Mother and thought she looked actually pretty! And her over 40 !

We never knew where the hours went on that hilltop day. There were no hours, just a golden, brcezy Now. I think we were all a little beyond ourselves. Parents forgot their duty and their dignity; children forgot the combativeness and small spites. "Perhaps it's like this in the kingdom of heaven," I thought confusedly. All our personalities stood out clearer, more individual than ever, and yet there was no sense of separateness.

It was growing dark before, drunk with sun and air, we all stumbled
sleepily back to the houses. Things were just as we had left them, but Mother looked as if she hardly saw the half-rolled pastry, the stripped sitting room. I suppose we had some sort of supper. I suppose there must have been a surface tidying up, for the house on Sunday looked decorous enough, or do I remember?

The strange thing was, we didn't mention that day afterward. I felt a little embarrassed. Surely none of those other sensible, balanced people had thrilled to it as deeply as I; none had had ridiculous, sacrilegious thoughts about comparing flying kites with the kingdom of heaven. I locked the memory up in that deepest part of me where we keep "the things that cannot be and yet are" . . . and the years went on.

A good many years had passed and one day I was flying about a kitchen of my own in a city apartment. I was trying to get some work out of the way while my three-year-old insistently whined her desire to "go park and see ducks."
"I can't go!" (My reasonableness was wearing thin.) "I have this and

## READER'S CHOICE

Mrs. A. E. Swab, Huron, S.D., receives $\$ 25$ for being the first of 12 persons to suggest this month's Reader's Choice. The Day We Flew the Kites appeared in Parents Magazine in May, 1949, and is reprinted now by the publishers' permission. TOGETHER invites you to nominate your favorite story or article. Send us its title, author, and the name and date of the publication in which you read it. First to nominate an article that we reprint receives $\$ 25$.
this and this to do first, and when I'm through I'll be too tired to walk that far."
My mother, who was visiting us, looked up from the peas she was shelling. "It's a wonderful day," she offered, "really warm, yet there's a fine, fresh breeze. It reminds me of that day we flew the kites."

I stopped in my dash between stove and sink. So she remembered! The locked door flew open and with it a gush of memories, and the application of her litte parable. There had been much to do on that long-ingo

Saturday. I pulled off my apron. "Come on." I told my little girl. "You're right, it's much too beautiful a day to miss. Let's go take a look at those ducks!"

Another decade passed. We were in the uneasy aftermath of a great war. All evening we had been asking our returned soldier, the youngest Patrick boy, about his experiences as a prisoner of war. He had talked freely, but now for a long time he had been silent, watching his cig arette smoke curl upward into the summer darkness. The silence seemed suddenly to throb. What was he thinking of . . . what dark and dreadful things? What was he going to tell?
"Say!" A smile twitched his lips He looked like the little boy he used to be, the very little boy always tag ging behind us others. "Say, do you remember . . . ? No, of course you wouldn't. It probably didn't makic the impression on you it did on me It was the first time I had ever seer them."
I hardly dared speak. "Remember what?"
"I used to think of that day a 10 in PW camp when things weren't to good. Do you remember the day wi flew the kites?"

Winter came, and the sad duty o a call of condolence on Mrs. Patrick recently widowed. Her family hale moved away many years before, bu she had brought back her husband body to our town for burial. dreaded the call. I couldn't imagime how Mrs. Patrick would face life alone.

I found her quite gray, a little stooped, much thinner than in her vigorous, maternal middle years. Bu she still hatel those warm, brown eyes. that low, caressing voice. We talked a little about my family and her grandchildren and the changes in our town.

And then she was silent. lookins down at her hands in her lap. I cleared my throat. Now I must say something about her loss and she would begin to cry.

When I looked up, I was dumbfounded. Mrs. Patrick was smiling "I was just sitting here thinking," she said. "Henry had such fun that day. Do you remember, Francesdo you remember the day we flev the kites?"

## Apostle of Good Cheer

ANITA WATSON is only 26 , but she lives in an old folks' home.

Each morning when she awakens in her tidy room on the third floor of the Methodist Home at Elyria, Ohio, her thoughts and prayers are for the elderly people who live there.

A home for the aged is a quiet place, usually; a serene, restful nook shut away from the hectic pace of the world. It is a grood place to live.

But Anita Watson-apostle of good cheer in a wheel chair-knows that solitude and peaceful surroundings sometimes bring loneliness, especially to the ill or handicappd.

So by 10 a.s. each day, and sometimes far into the night, Anita is busy filling any such void in the hearts and souls of the aged and ill. She tries to see each patient at least once every two days.

Anita was born with cerebral palsy, yet graduated from high school as salutatorian without ever attending class-and, taking her wheel chair to Schauffler College, earned a degree in Christian Education.

Now serving as chaplain at the home, this vivacious, dark-eyed young woman counsels the elderly, prays with them, reads to them, writes letters for them, conducts Sun-day-morning bedside chapel services for them.

Recently, George P. Miller, Together photographer, dropped by Elyria to visit Anita. In the pictures that follow, he gives you a close-up of Anita's work.

Smile of an active carefree young woman? Well, things aren't always what they seem! Turn page for Anita's surprising story.


Helping Hand: Residents at the Elyria Home delight in little courtesies for crippled Anita. Frequent companion on a "stroll" is Mrs. Helen George (above), a devoted friend.

Apostle of Good Cheer, comtimued:


Prayerful moments come often, always in her room at morning (above), often at the bedside of an ailing
person in uced of her comforting. Anita uscs a tape recorden to copture the reminiscences of the home's clderly residents.



Iealtime at the home finds Anita surithing tables often , she may become better acquainted with all the residents.

Ilthough she usually spends most of her time with the ill, as chaplain she's aluays available to anyone who calls on her.

Among the very old deafness and failing cyesight are common handicaps. Right, Anita reads an inspiring chapter from Mr. Jones, Meet the Master.


Weerful greeting is shouted to a O-year-old, so hard of hearing she has ist most contact with the world of und. New elevator now helps Anita ike her wheel chair all over the home.



MUSICAL MOTHERS. Mrs. Elbert Marshall and Mrs. Charl D. Montgomery of Dallas, Tex., are winning acclaim as authors c a book of sacred music. It's called We Go to Church and is pul lished by Carl Fischer in New York City. But for these Methodi lay women (Mrs. Montgomery and her two children, left, abovi Mrs. Marshall and her three children, right, above) composing worked in between child care, cooking, housekeeping, and churc work. With families to care for, their collaboration works like thi Mrs. Montgomery gets an idea for a poem, jots it down, gives it 1 Mrs. Marshall who composes music for it. The busy mothers sols problems over the phone. Once difficulties are ironed out, Mrs. Mon gomery goes to work on illustrations. Both are members of Highlan Park Methodist Church, sing with their board-member husbanc in the choir. Mrs. Montgomery is a contralto soloist; her partner an assistant organist who has written many anthems.

## Unusual

SKYWAY SCRIPTURES. The first scriptured bands taken of th legs of geese shot in the Far North were called "messages fror heaven" by Eskimos who rushed them to a missionary for transli tion. Today bands are being turned in faithfully in exchange fo Bible pictures. To spread the Word of God by skyway, wild Ci madian geese and ducks are trapped-500 at a time-and bander with aluminum bands containing scriptural verses at the Jac Miner Bird Sanctuary, Kingssille. Ontario. Started 50 years ago b Jack Miner, the Sanctuary aimed at saving Canadian geese fron extinction. Its work now is carried on by Miner's sons, Jasper, ant Mantey (in photo). They are members of the Kingsville Methodis Church, where Jasper is an elder, a member of the official board and Sunday school teacher. From returned bands the Miners com pile information on nesting sites, wintering, and range of flights At the same time Scriptures are spread through the northland.


## Methodists

PUNKY SOLOMONS. Most Americans are familiar with this ourageous Methodist family from Georgia. They are the Joseph .. Solomons, the 1958 March of Dimes poster family, three of whom ecently completed a nation-wide tour for the National Association or Infantile Paralysis. Mrs. Solomon and her three children, Joe, , and twins Sandra and Linda, 6 (in photo), were stricken with olio in 1953. Today they are all greatly improved, although Joe nd Sandra still wear braces. Linda and Mrs. Solomon suffered onparalytic polio and do not require braces. As poster family for he year, the family was received by President Eisenhower at the Vhite House before Mrs. Solomon and the twins toured the nation or the Foundation. Joe stayed home in Warner Robins, Ga., with is dad, an air force major. The family has moved several times Joe was born in Germany) -but wherever they live The Methodist Shurch forms the core of their lives.


# Bridge of Helping Hands 

## By CARLOS P. ROMULO

As told to Beth Day

ON OCTOBER 11, 1957, my eldest son, Carlos Ll. Romulo, Jr., died in a plane crash, 50 miles north of Manila. In that dark hour hundreds of helping hands supported me by a bridge of kindness across the United States to Los Angeles, across the Pacific to Manila, and back again. It is in thanks to this generous host, many unknown to me except through their acts of compassion, that I tell the story of my journey.
The evening before the accident, October 10, I boarded a late flight at Los Angeles, where I had made a speech, so that I would be back in New York in time for a session of the UN General Assembly the following afternoon. Usually, due to a harried schedule which keeps me shuttling over the country, I take my flying time for rest and fall asleep the minute I fasten my safety belt. This night, however, I was vaguely uneasy. I read until midnight and then dozed fitfully.
Suddenly in my sleep I saw vividly the face of my son, Carlos, or Mike as he is affectionately known within the family. Then I awoke. I had no premonition of tragedy. I did not go back to slcep, however, and read until the plane reached New York. Later, just as I entered the UN, I found I was being paged for a telephone call. I took it at the rcceptionist's desk. It was from my secretary at the Philippine embassy in Washington. She told the there was an emergency in Manila.
"What has happenced to Mike?" I asked.
"How did you know?" she gasped. Then she put Mrs. Romulo on the
telephone. My wife told me that another son, Greg, who lives in Manila, had called to tell her that a plane was missing with Mike and five other men aboard. I told my wife that I would come to Washington immediately. Then I put in a call to Manila. I knew Greg would never have called merely to report a missing plane.
Overseas operator 245 at Oakland, Calif., is only a number to me and not a face. But I know she is a sensitive and sympathetic woman. Generally there is a long delay in an overseas call, but the urgency in my voice must have gotten through to her. In exactly two minutes she had Greg on the wire. I asked him for the truth.
"The plane Mike was on crashed and his body has been identified." Greg admitted. "It happened at two o'clock yesterday afternoon."
Six p.m. in Manila-early morning in the U.S. The time of the crash coincided with the time I saw Mike's face in my dream.
I had suffered two nervous collapses, in 1934 and 1938, which the doctors diagnosed as an acute migraine condition. Both attacks began with a violent pain in my head, followed by blindness of my right eyc. paralysis of the right side of my bodv, and semiconsciousness. Now, as I heard those fateful words from Greq, I experiened that same dread pain in my head and the world swayed dizzily away from me. I felt myself being eased gently into a chair.
"Airline ticket to Washington . . ." I murmured. Then I blacked out.
It was only later that I learned how

I got from that receptionist's desk te Washington. The receptionist mad the airline reservation, then called th, embassy in Washington to tell then which plane I would be on. Das Hammarskjold. UN secretary gen eral, lent me his car to drive to th airport. At the terminal the airlin agent was waiting with my tickel He put me on the plane and inte th hands of the crew. I regained cor sciousness as we landed at the Wast ington airport.
The news of the crash had broke during my flight and by the time arrived at the embassy there were handwritten note and flowers fros President Eisenhower, and innume able radiograms and telegrams. Ther were even messages of sympath from my Russian colleagues at th UN with whom I have ofte exchanged bitter words.
I found my wife packing. Snatel ing at a last. unreasonable fragmer of hope, I put in a second call $t$ Manila. Again in the miraculot measure of two minutes, she ha Greg on the wire. It was a cruc question, but I had to know. "Is h really dead, Greg?"
"Yes, Dad," the boy said, "and yo and Mother must come home. W can't face it alone-" his roic broke. When I heard his sobs, fainted.
My wife, seeing my condition, ha called a doctor, who came immed ately to the embassy. "Your husban. is in no shape to travel," I heard hir say. "He might have a cerebral at tack in flight."
When I heard this I asked hin "Can't you give me something?"
"I can give you an injection which will knock you out for a few hours, and relieve the pain," he s.rid. "But I still wouldn't advise the trip."

I knew we must go. By plane time I was again virtually unconscious from the medication. Yet nameless kind hands assisted me abourd, then helped Mrs. Romulo watch over me through the long flight. I became conscious as the plane was circling over Los Angeles.

Thirty minutes before our plane was to leave for Manila, the passenger agent came to us, a woebegone cxpression on his face.
"We're terribly embarrassed," he tokd us. "We had hoped to have space for you from last-minute cancellations, but every passenger has shown up. The flight has been booked solid for months now and I can't force any of them to give up their seats."
"When is the next flight?" my wife asked.
"Two days from now."
We looked at each other helplessly.
"Come over to the ticket gate with me," said the agent thoughtfully. "I can't promise any luck because I've never done it before. But there's one thing I can try."

THE PASSENGERS were lined up in front of the gate, ready to bord. The agent asked for their attention. A groan went down the line as the passengers muttered gloomily, "A delay! What's wrong this time?"
"You have read your newspapers, so you know why General and Mrs. Romulo are here, trying to reach Manila," the agent said. "Every seat on this flight is taken and there is no other flight for two days. I am not going to bump any of you. All I ask is volunteers. If two among you can see it in your hearts to give up your seats to the General and his wife, please stand aside."

There was a moment's silence, and then seven passengrs stepped out of line. I was stunned. These people were unknown to me. Undoubtedly they had their own private plans to fulfill. Yet seven people were willing to give up their seats to us.

After I had thanked them, I suggested that we talk to each person individually to determine who was best able to relinquish his space. A couple with the Ford Foundation in-
sisted that we t.ahe their seats. They explained that they were headed for Ceylon and faced a two don livover in Honolulu before they made their connceting flight.

We had just taken our seats when a litte stewardess came up to me. "I know you, Gencral," she said. "I read your article. I'm Glad I'm a Little Guy and it meant a lot to me because I'm a shorty myself!" She looked over at Mrs. Romulo. "I oo you think the Gencral should rest now?"
The cabin crew made up a berth and got me into it. Then the little stewardess said firmly to my wife, "You need a rest, two. Go to sleep and don't worry. I'll watch him."

At Honolulu, we had a four-hour layover. On our way to the Royal Hawaiian Hotel, which was only a few blocks from the airport, I noticed a shabby old Filipino laborer standing on the fringe of the crowd which had converged. As I passed him, the old man pressed an cnvelope into my hand. "General." he said softly, in an Itokano dialect, "please put this in your pocket."

I assumed that it was a little note of condolence. When I opened it later, to my surprise out fell a $\$ 10$ bill! The note stated that he worked on a sugar plantation and that he was giving me this portion of his life's savings "for flowers for your son."

Our arrival at Manila was at a most inconvenient hour, 5:45 a.m., yet a crowd that included our immediate family and close friends awaited us at the airport. Dr. Agerico Sisom, dean of the college of medicine of the University of the Philippines at Manila, had come directly to the airport from the bedside of a patient without taking any time that night for slecp. Greg brought the car around and drove us home. When we neared the house my heart sank. As a former newspaperman, I should have known. A ring of photographers was at our front door to greet my wife and me with the horror of flashbulbs. As the men raised their cameras, I held up my hand and asked for their attention.
"Please, fellows," I said. "I know this is your job. But this is a private affair. No pictures, please."

As if by magic, the photographers faded from sight. Not one man made any effort to take the picture he had
been ordered and was expected to get.
by now the medration I had re ccived in Washington had worn off and the pain in my head was intense. But I knew there was something I must do before I wem to bed thit night. I went across the street to the church to see my son, Mike. The people had known I would come and the church, even at that early hour was crowded. Eyes filled with silent sympathy followed me as I walked up to the bier and knelt before it.

Only then I knew, with the slatuering impact of the truth, that my som was gone.

As all busy men, I had paid the price for public life in time taken from my family. Now I regretted bitterly that I had spent so little time with this son of mine. I was holding three jobs the year he was born: newspaper editor, college professor, and secretary to President Quezon. Then, when Mike was barely 17, an age when a boy most needs his father. the war separated us. I joined Gen. Douglas MacArthur's staff and did not see my family again for $31 / 2$ years. When Mile should have been enjoying carefree adolescent pursuits, he fought through the war, first as a spy for the guerrilla forces, then as a fighter with the guerrillas in their mountain hideout and there he learned the cruel lessons of cold and hunger and death.
Mike always insisted on blazing his own trail. $\Lambda$ fter successfully completing the dangerous assignment of spiriting my wife and his two younger brothers to safety in the mountains. Mike would mot boare! the airplane which Gencral Machrthur sent to cvacuate our family, but chose instead to march on frot, with his fellow fighters, back to Manila.

As a student dehater he once violently criticized the current administration, of which I was part. When I queried Mike, he renlied: "I don't believe that I should always agree with you just because I am your son. I must learn to think for myself." After the war, when I asked him to join our family in the U.S.. where my work was, and attend Harvard law school, Mike refused. "My roots are in my homeland," he told me. "That is the country I fought for. Besides the temper of our
poople is changing and a Romulo should be there to watch it!"
Eight months before the crash, Mike had set up a law firm of his own with an American partner and was already making a name for himself. When his first son was christened Carlos III, I kidded Mike about it, reminding him that he had told me the name was a handicap. "If my boy is the stuff I think he is," Mike wrote back, "the name will be a chal-lenge-as it has been to me."
He had promised to bring his wife and babies to Washington over the holidays and I had been looking forward to it. He had a wonderful sense of humor and could always make me laugh and forget my worries. Once he said jokingly to me, "You know, Dad, the greatest ambition of my life is one day to drive through the business district of Manila, and have passers-by nudge one another and say, 'Look, there goes Carlos Romulo, Jr.-and his father!'"
It could have happened had he lived. Just two days before the crash I had received the last letter I would ever get from him, full of the work he was doing and ending: "You should retire now, so that you can spend more time with your family and get acquainted with your grandchildren." Now I would never have the chance to get to know Mike better.
Suddenly through the anguish of my thoughts, I was aware of a small hand on my shoulder. I turned and looked into the face of a boy about 12 , dressed in the robes of an acolyte. "We are all praying for you, General," he said softly.
Somehow, the child's touch gave me the strength I had not found within myself. That night I had the first untroubled sleep I had had since I heard the news.
Next morning I was awakened by a discussion going on outside the door. "Orders for flowers are flooding in from the U.S. and all over the Philippines. Here's one I can't make out," a man said, puzzled.
"What does it say?" Greg's voice asked.
"From the Bellboys of the Drake Hotcl." the flower merchant said.
There were others equally puzzling: "The girls of the Waldorf Coffec House." "The girls at the American Airlines Counter." "Your

Two Western Union Fricnds." Names and signatures which conjured up to me images of friendly faces and responsive hearts. Wreaths, cablegrams, and telegrams poured in -some 5,000 expressions of sympathy.

We had just returned from the funeral services when a long-distance call came in from the U.S. Greg said the name sounded like Furcolo. I thought it must be the governor of Massachusetts. But a cheery, familiar voice greeted me. "This is Phil, your barber in New York!"
Phil had served with me on Leyte during the war and had been cutting my hair since 1942. I thought of all the tips that must have gone into that $\$ 18$ I knew that call cost! Yet Phil had wanted to tell me, in his own words, how sorry he was.

AS A NEWSPAPERMAN I was aware that "nothing is deader than yesterday's headline," and I expected no special attention on my return trip. Yet, when I got off the plane at Honolulu, there were five wheel chairs waiting, ordered from hospitals by five separate friends who were concerned about my physical condition. At Los Angeles, when I boarded the plane for Washington the stewardess said, "You're General Romulo, aren't you? You were the commencement speaker at Knox College the year I graduated. You have been in my thoughts, General, ever since I heard the news."
At Idlewild I found that my car had been sent by mistake to La Guardia. Since I was due at the UN shortly, I decided the quickest plan was to catch a cab over to La Guardia. When I climbed into the cab, the driver took a quick look in the mirror. "I know your woice," he
said. "I've heard it on the radio." He turned around. "Why, you're General Romulo-the one who just lost his boy."
Before I could reply, he went on. "I was a GI in the Pacific during World War II and your name became familiar to me. After the war my wife and I followed your career in the UN. When we read about what happened to your son, we felt badly about it, as if it had happened to a friend. So we went to church and prayed. Say, General-" the driver again turned toward me. "Would you autograph my license so I can show my wife that I really did talk to you?"
"I'll autograph my card and you can take it to her," I suggested.
"No." The cab driver shook his head. "I want your name on my license so that everyone who rides with me will see it. You see, General, you've always been a good friend to this country and we appreciate it."
I had hoped to forget my sorrow in my work at the UN. But now, three months later, I still cannot walk down a street, a hotel corridor. or go about my business in New York or Washington, without someone stopping me to tell me of his sympathy. I no longer wish to forget. That the world can forge such a chain of kindness which transcends hatred, prejudices, politics, and personal convenience to help one man through his blackest hour is something I wish to remember.
It reaffirms my basic faith in humankind and furnishes a reminder to those of us who engage in world affairs. We are not a family of nations: we are a family of man, and it is only through that divine spark of selflcssness, the chain of human heart to human heart, that we can hope to achicue world peace.

## COUNT THAT DAY

If ron sit down at set of smm
And come the acts that yon have done, And counting find One self-denving decel, one word That cased the heart of him who heard; One glance most kind.

That fell like smmshine where it wentThen sou may come that day well spent.
-GEORGE ELIOT (1819-1880)

## In Defense of Gothic

By HERBERT E. RICHARDS

4MERICAN CHURCHES are buikling. Church rchitecture interests almost all of us. Por me, this in rest began in my Pennsylvania boyhood when I first ntered an inspiring Gothic church. To this day, I can ecall my awe, the unquestioned sense I had that Gool as near in his holy place.
As I surveyed the altar, I had an experience of spirital soaring that has enlivened my soul year after year. here was not a reverence for beauty alone; instead ere was beauty leading a lad to reverence for God. ieauty as an end can be a false object of worship. Yet cauty, rightly used, can be a sublime channel to in,ire men to know the grandeur of God.
God-serving architecture has a long and noble hisry. It was sketched on page $3 t$ of Together for Febary in Church Architecture Up Till Almost Now, but i's take another look.
In ancient Egypt the effort to express reverence for se sun god stimulated the architect to develop squatlumn structures with a piece of stone across the top. ater, the architects of Athens refined Egypt's short, fuat columns to create the three basic orders of architec-re-Doric, Ionic, and Corinthian.
Following the exalted days of Greece, the Romans inoduced the second principle of building-the vault. his spaced the columns wider apart and connected them the top with stones in an interlocking arch.
Around the year 1000 the expression of God's reeeming love was so commanding that the early stages f Gothic were begun. This style involved the use of lender ribs which could be supported until the keycones were in place and was developed with the idea at pressure that comes from weight can be resisted by olumns and piers and, above all, by buttresses. The rothic mood expressed the upreach of man for the ownreach of God-redeeming love. The pointed arch ecame the high spiritual symbol, both emotionally and

The Boise "cathedral" as designed by he Philadelphia architect, Harold E. Vagoner, with the assistance of archi-

architecturally. Gothic had something deeper than an engineering principle. Here God revealed a message far beyond necessity and engineering.
Our generation has contributed the use of reinforced steel and concretc. Church architecture, therefore, portrays a decp-rooted message at the same time it expresses beauty and houses worshipers. Church buildings must express something far more than form following function. For this reason I am convinced that Frank Lloyd Wright's funeral oration for the Gothic style is premature. He missed the underlying philosophy of the historic Christian faith.

EVERY style of architecture will have changes and modifications. Gothic is no exception. It, too, has had modifications for the present age. Dynamic Gothic is the result. These modifications are to be expected and do not break the mood of the style itself. Except to the purist, the use of reinforced steel and concrete in the Gothic mood is not only good architecture, but a glorious way of applying the past's experience and inspiring emotional patterns to the contemporary age.
To toss off blithely so rich a heritage as Gothic, or for that matter Romanesque, is to miss one of the great truths of the Christian soul. The secular mind may agree with architect Louis Sullivan's "Form follows function," but the Christian church declares, "Form and function follow a fact." Karl Schinkel first expressed the mood of modern architecture when he asked that the world produce in his time not a style that would have eternal meaning, but a style for his particular age.
On the other hand, the Christian church believes that there is an eternal fact, one which is the purpose of our being, to say nothing of the purpose of our building. That fact is the revelation of God's love in Jesus Christ. This kind of faith requires that.
The church structure does not represent beauty alone. To a Christian, the church and its building represent Christ's personal love that infuses all beauty with radiance, character, and spirituality that shall be endless. Gothic has come to represent such radiant worship!
To be sure, there are some religions that may be able to express their building mood in a passing, immediate way. This is the essence of what has been called pragmatic religion. Such a position is not valid in historic Christianity. Christians not only perform deeds religiously, but they have and believe in a religion-the religion of Jesus Christ. This is the core of the matter.
Christianity is a religion with roots deep in the earth of a mount called "The Skull." It is a religion that calls every age to social responsibility, peaceful purpose, and vital faith. It calls our age to see not only what is beautiful but what is truthful.
The architect who holds a particular style as "the style" to the exclusion of all others loses the roots that will keep his architecture functional and modern in the years ahcad. Who among the modern theologians-and most social-minded Christians-would declare that the way to serve Christ in the 20th century is to say good-by to Christ of the first century? Architecture without roots is like Christianity without the cross. Dynamic Gothic has spiritual, historic roots.

The Dynamic Gothic spire does not represent the monarchy of man, unless some stilted mind views it so but exemplifies the missile-age soul of modern demo cratic man pointing upward to the Christ who declared "Lo, I am with you alvays."
Modern architecture has made its contribution in tho field of church buildings. Its structural advances are no only valuable but, in a precise sense, blessed. In the hand of an inspired, dedicated architect these forms revea beauty-at times spiritual beauty. Likewise the Ro manesque and the Renaissance. But as is true in any political, cultural, or intellectual idea that achieves degree of popularity, the devotees are exposed to tha dangers of misusing their own principles or, worse ignoring the contribution of traditional points of view To me, this is the distinction between those who woul advocate a popular as against an enduring form.

Modern architecture can achieve greatness. But Dy namic Gothic, when modified for the age, has in it thi tremendous message of faith and inspiring emotiona response that the contemporary generation would los with great penalty, even to the peril of its soul. Dynami Gothic has roots that will keep it modern for years.

At the turn of the century countless Protestant arch tects employed the modern of 1900 . It consisted of slop ing floors, circular balconies, sliding doors, central pulpii and altar of organ pipes. Its form followed the function o the theatrics and sawdust-trail preaching. It served we that function. It was practical, catered to crowds, an appeared to give most for the money at that time.

With all of that, it has taken less than half a centur to outdate the modern of that time. Why? It wa functional for the turn of the century; its form followe function blindly. On the other hand, those who create modified-Gothic-mood churches at the turn of the cer tury have structures not only useful but beautiful in th historic Christian sense-even to the missile-age eye.

## R

 OOTS do not eliminate "being modern and pract cal." Only the misuse of ronts can do that. Modernist weep tears of indignation when unfair critics judge thei work by second-rate examples and uninspired structure This is a proper objection.By the same token, the Gothicist has the right to th same fair play. The stilted, conventionally blinded arch: tect is not fit to interpret Dynamic Gothic. He is merel a trite copyist, when genius is demanded.
Gothic purists are vulnerable to attack. Purists ar extremists. Extremists in architecture, as in religion and politics, frequently injure the cause they seek to serve The purist may falsely fume at the use of steel, concrete glass, and other modern materials in the Dynami Gothic structure, but his purism does not fulfill the mond of the ever sky-expanding theme of the Gothic. He impaled by his own press-agent prefudices of purism.
In the hands of the spiritually inspired genius, Dy namic Gothic can be functional as any style. It can b as modern as next month's Togetrier. It has also proved its ability to arouse emotional and spiritual responses a a sacred style. Dynamic Gothic best expresses the fac that "God became flesh and dwelt among us." And can produce a church that looks like a church!

## with Church Architecture


#### Abstract

How shall man glorify God through the edifices in which he worships? The answer of "contemporary" architects was depicted here last month. . . Now, we present cight churches blending beauty and the Christian traditions.


IF BEAUTY is a luxury, then God is a wastrel. Why should he waste himself with the making of stars and violets, or take up space on the earth with mountains and waterfalls, or trouble himself with sunrises and butterflies?

If beauty is a luxury, then man were betcer a beast. Why should he struggle to make a speech march in chaste and noble cadence? Why should he labor to create a poem, fashion a symphony, write a book? Or trouble himself with art galleries, concerts, and architecture? It is simpler to shuffle dully through life as if we were oxen.

Jesus Christ has dealt with this. One evening just before his arrest, while he was dining at the home of Simon in Bethany, a woman burst into the room. To everyone's surprise, she went directly to Jesus, broke open an alabaster jar of fabulously expensive perfume, and poured it upon his head, as was the custom in chose days of anointing a king.

The perfume was equivalent to a year's wages. Those present were shocked, then provoked
"Why such a waste?" they scolded.

Their surprise was not over, for Jesus understood and came to the woman's defense.
"Why do you trouble the woman?" he asked. "She has done a beautiful thing. For you always have the poor with you, but you will not always have me."

Our Lord always had concern for a practical ministry to the needy. In his parable on the judgment he taught that devotion to him must be expressed in such practicality as feeding the hungry, clorhing the naked, healing the sick.

But Jesus knew every virtue must be guarded lest it become a vice. So at Bethany Jesus was warning his followers that even such a virtue becomes a deadly vice unless it is balanced by no less concern to minister unto mankind with beaury.
He was insisting that beauty was not a luxury, that mankind needs beauty even as it does bread.

So, in a world of want we have need for the precious ointment of beauty-an armful of roses and a sky full of stars, a Ninth Symphony or hills against a sunset sky, a poem, or even a noble church rising where once was a dusty parking lot.
-Everett W. Palmer,
Minister, First Methodist Church Glendale, Calif.


Whalers' beacon, this beautiful church warmed the hearts of early Methodists. Its pulpit was once part of an old sailing ship.

## The White Pillars of New England

Century-old hand-hewn beams are still in place.


Rich with the lore of whaling days, stately Edgartown, Mass., Methodist Church is a landmark in the famous Martha's Vineyard vacationland. A stout breed of seafaring Methodists traces its beginnings here back to 1787. Designed by Frederic Baylies, this beautiful church was built in 1842 .
With a touch of the Greek in its pillars, its clean, simple lines give the impression of strength and permanence. It has all that. The huge, hand-hewn beams of red pine were brought from Maine by whaling ships. In the tower, a visitor can see the 50 -foot beams fastened by wooden pegs.
The unusual upstairs sanctuary-with its box pews, whaleoil chandeliers, and foot warmers-is hallowed with the traditions of early America and of Methodism alike.

## he Arched

## Heritage

## f Old Rome

He broad street Memorial Methodist Church Drexel Hill, Pa., is a superb example of modi1 Romanesque architecture. The arch-develd in old Rome-is used with all of the grace 1 strength of the ancient design. Broad Street's arch is a striking setting for the at rose window and religious symbols above doors. Inside, a unique truss design heightens spacious effect. Above the altar hangs a fine y of the Sistine Madonna by Raphael. Chis outstanding example of Christian art was roduced from the collection of the late Rodn Wanamaker. The chancel window portrays triumphant Christ. The architect of this outading church was A. Hensel Fink.


Faced with the task of designing a church edifice that would dominate other buildings, the architect conceived this striking Drexel Hill church-now a show place in the Philadelphia area.
ose-up of the fine namentation that orns this building.

Sistine Madonna copy at Broad Street Church is set off by rich and beautifully carved altar framing.



Three times a day from First Methodist's carillon tower, at main gate of University of Arizona, students are called to prayer.

## The Old and Storied Spanish Southwest

Colorful chancel gives warmth to worship at the beautifully conceived Catalina Methodist Church in Tucson, Ariz.


Two colorful Methodist churches in Tucson, Ariz., recall the architecture of the old missions.

First Methodist uses glazed tiles and the great doors are of wrought iron and glass. The education wing, social hall, chapel, and carillon tower were designed by Funk, Wagner, and Sundt. The new sanctuary is the work of Scholer and Fuller.

Catalina Methodist likewise was designed for the desert landscape. Harold Wagoner, the architect, carried on traditions of San Xavier del Bac, the Indian mission near Tucson dating back to 1720


Catalina's simulated bells and broad exposures of plain masonry reflect the heritage from ancient Spain.

## The English

## Heritage

Best-known church in Evanston, just north of Chicago, is First Methodistassociated throughout its history with Northwestern University and scene of the World Council of Churches Assembly in 1954. But of special interest because of its architecture is Emmanuel Methodist, designed by the celebrated firm of Holabird and Roche.

It is in style typical of the English parish churches-John Wesley, founder of Methodism, would have felt at home here. This brownstone church was built in 1891 , but alterations were made through the years.


A fitting site for a Gray's Elegy is this English-parish style church outside Chicago. The steeple has been removed.


## Christ Church: Classic Byzantine



Byzantine beauty on New York City's wellknown Park Avenue.

Mammoth mosaic; a breath-taking view of the great vaulted sanctuary of Christ Church, inlaid with tens of thousands of bits of glass.

No name stands higher in America as an exponent of traditional church architecture than Ralph Adams Cram. His favorite style was Gothic. Lacking space at 520 Park Avenue in America's largest city, he chose Byzantine for Christ Church -with emphasis upon interior beauty.

Byzantine is associated with vaulted ceilings and mosaics. And few mosaics in America are more beautiful than those in Christ Church-of which this month's cover is an example.


ending at the cultural center of Cleveland, amid a parklike setting, Epworthclid has been a part of the Ohio city's religious life for more than 125 years.

## sothic From the French

In epworth-euclid Methodist Church, Cleveland, the e Grosvenor Goodhue proved that Gothic still fits the th century. His church combines highly practical design th rare architectural beauty.
Goodhue often visited famed Mont Saint Michel off the rthern coast of France and its lines are reflected in oworth-Euclid. The modified Gothic mood is climaxed by e "heavenward pointing" flèche. This church has been ed as one of America's most beautiful-a masterpiece by renowned architect.


Symphony in stone, is Mont Saint Michel, a landmark of the $13^{\text {th }}$ century.


The John Wesley window shows the life story of Methodism's founder.


Praise window, this beautiful "rose" glass portrays the heavenly angels, each of whom plays a different musical instrument.

## Gothic Grandeur . . . Glow of Glass

Beauty by night-the Webster Hills sanctuary is of classic Gothic.

A struggling mission venture in 1930, the Webster Hills, Mo., Methodist Church has recently completed a striking new $\$ 525,000$ sanctuary. A chapel was built 25 years ago and an educational building is planned for the future.

Gothic in exterior, Webster Hills is finished on the inside with a contemporary touch-including air conditioning. The church is a glow of glass with 24 stained windows telling the story of Jesus and of mankind up to date-even atomic fission. The great Te Deum window portrays modern and ancient figures alike - Amos and Isaiah, Florence Nightingale, and Albert Schweitzer. A. Hensel Fink designed the chapel and sketched the church. Architect Gale Henderson did the working drawings.

# TMarins <br>  



## with an ex-teen-ager

RI'en a girl of 15 and my brother is 17. The last few weeks he has arted going with the wrong gang. Mis ew friends drink, smoke, and talk ugh. I tried to argue with him, but e got mad. What can I do?-V.A.

Many boys go through similar tough phases. Sometimes it oesn't last long. However, arguing nly makes them worse. If your brother oes with a nice girl he may listen to
er. Responsibility should help him. oes he have much idle time? A partme job would help. Get your dad to nggest it. Don't criticize his new iends-it will increase his loyalty to nem.


I'm a boy of 16 and want to go uith a girl, 19. My folks say she too old for me. Is that right?-V.S.

Usually boys go with girls their own age, or slightly younger.


I'm 17 and engaged to a girl, 15 . Do I have the right to decide where we'll live after we marry? She vants to stay here. I can get a better ob elsewhere. We fight about many hings, but this is the worst. We've nou'n each other only three weeks. laybe we shouldn't marry.-K.T.

Postpone your plans a few years.
You are too young to marry now nd you aren't well enough acquainted. t would be a weak marriage, full of leartaches. I believe that in most states
husbands have the legal right to determine where they and their wives should live.

QHow can I rate? I'm a highschool freshinan. The girl I want to date tells me her folks object. I speak well. I'm clean and neat. Yet they say I u'asu't brought up properly. Is there any u'ay for me to get to go with girls like that one?-A.M.

AIf it's possible, be an athlete. Or hold a school office. Try to become a writer on your school paper. If you can excel at things your classmates think are important, you'll be accepted.

Q
I'nu a boy of 17. My trouble is that I swear. Where I used to live all my gang talked that way. After we moved here I found Christ and became a better person. But bad words still slip out. Will you help me?-l.B.

A
Promise yourself never to swear again and keep trying. The slips will grow less frequent and you'll succeed.

QI'm 15 and went steady with a boy a year and a half ago. He became a delinquent and my father made the stop seeing hini. Soon afterward he was caught stealing and was sent to reform school. Now he is back and secms to have reformed. He is doing well in school, goes to church, and has a good job. He has asked tue for another date and I want to say yes, but

I'in afraid of what iny father would do. Can you help ine? Boys really can reform, cau't they?-L.B.

AI've known many boys who came back from state schools and made good. Talk with your father; tell him the story and ask his permission. Ask him to check with adults who know the boy. After that, you'll have to do as he says.

1I can't get over my blues. I had a scholarship to college, but did a foolish thing and it was canceled. I came back home and found the girl I loved had married another boy. The shock made me sick at first. Now l'm better physically, but not mentally. I'm afraid to see my friends. I want to hide. I'm depressed. I'd like to see a psychiatrist, but he is 100 miles away. Can you help me?-M.W.

AAny sensitive person would be upset by such blows. Here are a few suggestions: Start doing jobs around your home-painting, fixing furniture, pruning trees. Keep busy doing things which hold your attention. As soon as possible go back to church and MYF. You'll get emotional support there. Then look for a paid job. Save your money and enroll in college again next fall.

(1)I'm a girl of 17. My trouble is clothes. My father would be willing to buy new dresses and coats, but my mother won't let him. I have only two dresses and one shabby coat. My

# Looks af movies 

By Harry C. Spencer

General Secretary, Methodist Television, Radio, and Film Commission

- Films are rated for audience suitability. Also, the symbols ( + ) and ( - ) provide "yes" or "no" answers to the question: Do the ethical standards in the film in general provide constructive entertainment?


## Peyton Place: Adults ( + )

Other reviewers have pointed out that the characters in the film have been elevated in contrast with the degenerate originals in the novel and that the objectionable material has been largely eliminated. The movie is an interesting study of youthful discovery of the sex drive's power and, to a lesser extent, the meaning of adult selfhood in a New England town where respectability is a thin veneer. The final sermon given by the doctor on behalf of human values appears to be tacked onto a story in which morality has little relation to any divine purpose.

## Legend of the Lost: Adults $(+)$ Youth (+)

John Wayne, a professional guide, and Rossano Brazzi, an explorer in search of hidden treasure, fight it out on the Sahara sands for the even hotter love of Sophia Loren, a dance-hall girl. If the film were worthy of serious consideration, Rossano's changed motivation (from religious to lust for gold) would be objectionable.

Sad Sack: Children ( + ) Youth (+)

Jerry Lewis as the typical soldier who does everything wrong is given a baker's dozen of tricd-and-true gag situations. Most of them will appeal to the less discriminating viewers.

Raintree County: Adults ( + )
In this lavish and costly Civil War picture, Montgomery Clift is an Indiana boy in love with Eva Marie Saint, a childhood sweetheart, and she loves him. But Elizabeth Taylor, a visiting slave owner from the South, tricks Clift into marrying her. It is a strange marriage with somber emotional overtones. When war breaks out, Clift joins the Union Army and Elizabeth's mental disturbance leads her to a desperate situation. The feminine audience particularly will have its emotions stirred.

## Don't Go Near the Water: Adults $(+)$

Most adults will enjoy this slapstick comedy of the navy's public relations boys in spite of the unfortunate fact that the screen play sometimes is in poor taste, occasionally approaches the vulgar, and more than once comes close to obscenity.

## Tarnished Angels: Adults (-)

A World War I flying ace is still in love with death as he makes the barnstorming, plane-racing circuit of the early '20s. His mistreated wife and adoring son continue to love him, however, despite all his shortcomings, to the final scene.

Sayonara: Adults ( + ) Youth (+)

The James Michener novel is presented in an affecting film with Japanese life pictured in scenes of surpassing loveliness. The plot involves the romance between Marlon Brando, a pilot stationed in Japan, and Miiko Taka, a Japanese dancing girl. Red Buttons (Brando's pal) and his Japanese bride are also excellent in their characterizations.

## Mark of the Hawk: Adults ( + ) Youth ( + )

Out of the conflict of African races, civilizations, and religions comes an explosive film. Sidney Poitier, an cducated African, has been elected to the Legislative Council by the rotes of his working-class followers. But when he and his wife, Eartha Kitt, attend a reception at the governor's house, they are rebuffed by a white colonist-and a race war develops. John McIntyre. a missionary, tries without success to prevent bloodshed.

## Wild Is the Wind: Adults ( + )

Anna Magnani is the second wife of wealthy sheep rancher Anthony Quinn, whose deceased first wife (Amma's sister) is constantly in his mind and heart. In her frustrated loncliness, Anna turns for love to Anthony Franciosca, who is almost a son to Anthony Quinn. The tempestuous actors measure up well to the tempestuous script.
mother says I have more clothes that she had at my age. What can I do?J.Y.

AParents need to discover thing for themselves. Can you get you mother to go to school affairs and se how other girls dress? Try to go t church or to parties with her so she'l see what's new. Would she be willin to talk about clothes with the mother of your friends? Perhaps your fathe will help persuade her. If she still re fuses, try to get a part-time job so you can buy some of your own clothes.

QThis is the first time I've loved girl. I'm 13 but look older. think about my girl all the time. La night Dad said I was either dopey or $i$ love because of the way I acted. I wa afraid to say anything. My girl is $m$ wonderful, dear sweetheart and sh loves me, too. How can I tell Dad abou her?-D.B.

AJust tell him there is a girl you like a lot. Try not to use th word "love" and avoid descriptive com ments. Don't get mad if he calls it crush.

QI'm 14 and going steady for th first time. The boy I go with als goes steady with another girl. I can sleep over this. Why are boys fickle? he normal?-S.A.

AMost boys and girls are fickle : 14. Go out with different boy and don't be upset if they get intereste in someone else. You'll find you ar changeable, too.

QI'm 16. I went steady with a bo who is not truthful. Nou thu we've broken up he is telling terribl lies about me. The kids kid me abou it. Hou can I protect myself?-M..I.

AThis happens more frequentl. than you'd expect. Keep on be ing good. Your real friends know th truth. Tell anyone who speaks to you about it that there's nothing to th stories. They will blow over eventuall?

PROBLEMIS? Dr. Barbour is one o the nation's top authorities on the prol lems of teen-agers. If you need helf urite him c/o Together, 740 N. Rusi St., Chicago 11, Ill.-Eds.

# Homemade Miracle 

By NANCY L. NEIL

THERE HE STOOD, a thin youngster with a narrow, pinched face and a lost-puppy look. Once again impulse was to put my arms around him and tell in he would never be hurt again. But I restrained myf. Small boys sometimes resent public demonstrations affection.
Bill, my husband, said simply: "Come, Timmy. Let's 'your clothes."
They entered the orphanage together, the man and quiet little boy who had captured my heart.
'Is Timmy leaving to stay this time, mister?" one the boys in the institution asked.
"Yes, he is," Bill answered firmly. Both of us knew w often Timmy had been placed for adoption, only be returned with the complaint: "This boy isn't what want. He's too quiet and he won't talk."
Our two daughters were delighted with their longmised "big brother." On the way home, Janet and y vied for a chance to sit by him or do something for n . Timmy took it somewhat sheepishly but said noth-
'He's like me," Bill said with a smile. "He only talks en he has something to say."
But in our hearts we knew better. I think I realized e truth the first time I saw him. That was months be--e, when he appeared for the first time in the Sunday nool where I was superintendent. He seemed all alone a room filled with children.
"You're new here, aren't you?" I asked.
"Yes," he answered. The single syllable was brief and rely audible.
"Your name?"
"Timmy Brown."
"Your age?"
"Eleven."
"Will you be here all the time:"
"Just for the summer."
I thought a lot about Timmy after that, wondering hat life could have done to a child to make him so shy d withdrawn. He reminded me of pictures I'd seen of
children in war-torn countries. His hurt look haunted me. Finally I said to Bill: "I've got to find out about that child and what makes him that way."
Later I learned Timmy was six when his parents turned him over to the state home, telling him they couldn't afford to keep three children. He had never seen or heard from them again. The state placed him in several homes. But he always came back.
After we determined to adopt Timmy there were many delays. We were far from well to do. Our Western farm was drought stricken and our small home had only four rooms. But finally we were visited by a family consultant from the state home. He spent several hours talking to us.
"You wouldn't mind his being quiet and never saying a word or laughing or smiling?" the consultant asked finally. There was a trace of doubt in his voice.
"The look in that boy's eyes will continue to bother me," I answered, "but I think Timmy has reason to be unhappy. If anyone has a reason to feel rejected, he has-and telling him to be different won't do any good. I think he must be loved and accepted the way he is. Timmy is a sensitive youngster who has buried his emotions within himself."
I was confident then, but I must admit I had momentary misgivings after we took Timmy to the attic room we had fixed especially for him. As he stood there he looked smaller than ever, more crushed than before. There was no emotion, no elation in his eyes.
"Don't you like your room?" Bill asked. Timmy merely shrugged.
That night I lay awake thinking of the boy in the attic room above us. Who could blame him, I thought, for not liking something that he feared would be taken away from him? Or perhaps he would never react normally to the love and affection we stood ready to give him. It hadn't worked with the last family -prosperous farm folk and splendid church people. They had failed to understand him, and the problem was complicated by an older son who not only resented Timmy's presence but often mistreated the smaller boy.
Now it was up to us.
Weeks passed. If we had expected

Timmy to change into a bright, smiling boy we would have been disappointed. But slowly at first, then with more encouraging frequency, Timmy began to change.
Bill and I can't take all the creditI'm afraid. Much of that goes to a puppy named Rumple-and a prizewinning 4-H Club hog.
Rumple was a present from a veterinarian who took a personal interest in our boy. How Timmy did talk -yes, talk-about dogs in general and Rumple in particular! Once, after we read a story about a child selling a dog for $\$ 100$, I asked Timmy if he would sell Rumple for that. "No," he said flatly. "I wouldn't sell Rumple for any amount of money."
The 4-H hog wasn't a registered animal, but she belonged to Timmy and he took a personal interest in his project. He spent hours training her to mind and she did well. For a

## SHARE YOUR ANSWERS

Every family problem has been solved by someone. If you've found the answer to some family problem, we invite you to share your solution with TOGETHER readers. We will pay $\$ 50$ for any Together in the Home story accepted.
Manuscripts should be typed, double spaced, not more than 1,800 words. Mail, with return postage, to: Together in the Home Editor, TOGETHER, 740 N. Rush St., Chicago II, III.
week before the fair he scrubbed and polished her, but on the morning of the big day he was irked when I sent him to clean up and change his clothes.
"I want my prize exhibit to be clean, too," I exphained.
Timmy was like that-careless with his clothes, adverse to bath water. School work didn't come casy and, as with many boys, his moods were unpredictable. But he loved the farm. Each morning when he left the house for the fields, he reminded me of a boy starting out to go fishing. Happiness was in his every movement. Gone then was the shy, apologetic manner he still displayed on some other occasions.
The change in Timmy was noticed by the family consultant. "How do you account for it?" he asked.
"Perhaps it was just that we were
able to make him feel wanted," told him. "We let him know that liked him just as he was and th: no matter what, he could always d pend on our love. Then, too, I've ways felt that God must have sent this boy because we needed him an he needed us. Furthermore, I thin life on the farm-fresh air, exercis and good food-agrees with Timmy
As Timmy gained weight and b gan taking an active interest in $h$ role as a new member of the famil his hold on my heartstrings becan stronger than ever. I realized that e pecially on the day we prepared fill out final adoption papers.
"It looks as if we may lose or boy," Bill said. He had only to ne toward the cloudless horizon to $c$ plain.
After a snowless winter, sprir brought no rain. High wint whipped the sand across our fielc There was no money in the bar and little hope of borrowing wh we needed. Even well-establish farmers faced a dark future.
Financial problems are always ha to face, but far worse was the pro pect of losing Timmy. We knew, aı the state knew, we couldn't meet t financial requirements for perso wanting to adopt children. So, as watched the sand whipping acre our farm, tearing the new grain shreds, we felt the clutches of $t$ state's adoption law closing arou our boy.
"We can't give him up now." told Bill. "I won't let him go. Sure God won't let them take him aw: from us."
I must admit my faith wası strong. Although I prayed for miracle. I worried so much that " family doctor became concerns about my health. "You are doing tl best you can and there is nothing be gained by making yourself sick he said. He might as well have to me to stand calmly in the face of tornado.
Even the family consultant fro the state home. knowing the rigid $r$ quirements of the law, was symp thetic.
"God has a way of taking care these things," he said. "You kno and I know, that Timmy is far bett off here than in the state home. F is getting the things he really need the love and acceptance that are mol
nportant than anything an institu on can give him. Unfortunately, by ceter of the law, I know of nis ay you can be permitted to kecp immy-so yon must leave it in the ord's hands."
Why, I asked, had Good let life deal small child so much trouble and isery? Why had he given us immy, only' to stand aside while estate snatched him away from us? "That," the consultant siid, "is the agedy of sin. The innocent suffer as ell as the guilty. But if God wants to keep this child, he will find a ay."
Good did find a way. It came in the rm of a new state ruling which mplified the adoption of older chil-en--and gave us Timmy for kecps! I think of those days now when hear footsteps on the porch and e door opens for a tall, 16 -year-old gh-school student. Timmy is a smilg. confident boy now. He excels in is and crafts and shows promise of ing a track man. He is active in urch work, particularly his MYF oup, and he plays the piano for a inday-school class.
When I hear his laughter ringing It with that of his adoring foster ters, I remember again the first ne I heard that laughter. It hapened one evening nearly four years owhen the girls and I were going the dentist.
"I guess Daddy and Timmy will st have to stay home and baby-sit ith each other," Janet commented lemnly.
I could see the amusement twining out of Timmy's eyes and vitching at the corners of his mouth tiil, unable to hold it back, he ughed-good and loud!
And I remember the first time he emed to lose his self-consciousness hough to begin really talking. That as during a visit to the zoo, and we Id counted on the visit to break the e. The results exceeded my expections. How that boy loved to talk out animals!
These were little things, I guess. ut perhaps better than any others, tey symbolize the transformation of immy into a happy, normal child. ounded on love and understanding -and buttressed by the ever-present elp of God-we saw, in our own ouschold, a homemade miracle take lice.

## The



# RESURRECTION Rock of Our Faith 

By ROY L. SMITH

LLET'S SAY, as a matter of historical accuracy, that the Resurrection saved Jesus from oblivion. There were thousands of preachers in Jesus' day wandering up and down the highways of the earth. Some were learned, many were eloquent. Some seem to have had an honest desire to be helpful and others an actual spiritual skill.

From our New Testament we learn something of one powerful preacher-a desert prophet known as John the Baptist. From the few scattered accounts we have, he seems to have spoken to multitudes. There is even some reason to believe he preached to more people than Jesus.
In only a few cases, however, has even the name of the preacher survived. In the case of John, we have no more than 164 of his words, of all the millions that poured from his impassioned lips.

The explanation is simple. Jesus of Nazareth was the only one who rose from the dead!

The Resurrection of Jesus lends authority to the things he said. Other preachers of his day taught beautiful things. The rabbis told remarkable parables. The priests of the mystery religions. among the Greeks, were often wonder workers because of their understanding of psychological principles. But none rose from the dead and few are remembered because of even a single sentence.

We accept the Sermon on the Mount as the noblest utterance, the
highest idealism because the words were spoken originally by one who died and rose again.

The reason the parable of the prodigal son and the good Samaritan are effective is because they were told by one who died and rose again.
The reason men believe in the ultimate triumph of justice, decency, and truth is because one who represented these things in his own life died and rose again.
It was as if God had placed his personal endorsement on the life of Jesus by restoring him to life.
Herod, the playboy, died and remained dead. Pilate, the politician, died in disgrace. Annas, the multimillionaire, died despised of all the Jews. Caiaphas, the high priest who bribed his way to the ecclesiastical throne, was deposed from office to die in shame and remain an object of contempt.
But the carpenter of Galilee, who went about doing the will of God, was raised from the dead to become the immortal hope of all hearts.
It was the Resurrection that aroused men's curiosity about Jesus and became responsible for our theology concerning him.
It was because of the Resurrection that the Christian Church came into existence. Without it, there would have been no Church. Abandon our faith in the Resurrection and the Church would die.

The Resurrection is the central fact of our Christian faith.

## Tinght Hlutu flly flath

WEEKLY MEDITATIONS ON THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON



Marvin H. Adams Boulder, Colo.


George H. Palmer West Allis, Wis.


John W. Lindsay Magnolia, Ark.

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Go therefore and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit.-Matthew 28:19

## ג

 OY WAS HELPLESSLY crippled from birth. He was the operator of a newsstand, not a trained minister. How could he go? How could he share?Gene was blind. Arthritis confined him to bed. Increasing deafness threatened to sever the audible tie which bound him to others. How could he share light and movement when his was a world of darkness and passivity?

Our Lord did not give us a commission and leave us powerless in its performance. "Lo, I am with
you always!" His love and presence touched Roy with more understanding of others and appreciation for the enduring values of life. He shared his faith, courage, and understanding with young men from the nearby air base who would go into all the world. The deeper dimensions of life which he found in our Father's house were remembered as Roy made God's business his business.

Gene obtained a ham radio license. He shared an unfailing light with those in distant places who walked in sunlight but sometimes lived in shadows. The power of the love of our Lord, who was no stranger to suffering, encouraged Gene to rise above self-pity His joy was in sharing the vision and the voice.

The presence and power of tl Lord of life come to us. In illne or health, we can respond to $h$ friendship and aid in his wor Others may carry our concern al the message of Christ's redem tive love. No one need be mut motionless, or discouraged.

Certainty prevails among Chri tians during this Lenten perio The love of Christ triumphs ar we are called to be his triumpha disciples. The Christ life within the beginning of Christ within $t$ l life of all the world. Shari Christ is the beginning of brothe hood, which draws our Lord's fc lowers into world unity. Tl earth-molding influence we reve depends upon the active citize ship we are called to exercise God's kingdom.
raurr: O Lord, grant us the will nd the means to exalt thee that 11 nations may proclaim thy sovreign majesty. Amen.
-MARVIN H. ADAMS

## ARCH 30

For as often as you cat this bread and drink the cup, you proclaim the Lord's death until he comes.-I Corinthians 11:26

1
TS GOOD to be in debt. Some feel that a reasonable debt a good thing. They argue, parcularly for a church, that a debt ovides something for which to ork. Co-operation, industry, and oals are more likely in a group lat must liquidate an indebtedess. Apathy is likely in the group at has arrived.
There is something to this aim. However, many today are t realistic concerning indebtedess. Churches, individuals, and milies are mortgaged until debt a crushing burden. This is not he good."
There is but one indebtedness hich can never be too great. Paul ggests that in the Lord's Supper e witness to our indebtedness to hrist for his redemptive sacrifice. nis indebtedness should make us sponsive to a living Lord.
"For as often as . . ." Is there anger that repetition will miniize this rite? Not if in each obrvance we "are proclaiming that e Lord has died" for us. Not if inspires new love, hope, and joy our Christian experience. Frerently, friends get together in nple, old-fashioned fellowship. eflecting on the good time, all ree: "We must do this more ten." Observing the Lord's Super cannot occur too often, if each servance reminds us of our debt Christ.
raurr: Gracious Lord, keep us indful of our indebtedness to ee. Help us to express that sense indebtedness in loyal and loving rvice. Amen.
-GEORGE H. PALMER
PRIL 6
Now to him who by the power at work within us is able to do far more abundantly than all that we ask or think.-Ephesians $3: 20$
ff N ONE OF the remote sections of our state there is a eautiful rural church that com-
mands the attention of all who pass by. It was in this church that I recently had a real worship experience. This high hour came as a member totd the thrilling story of how this lovely church came to be erected.
For over half a century an old, inadequate building stood on this location. One day it was destroyed by fire, leaving the small congregation in despair. The majority of the people had moved to the urban areas. Yet the community must have a church.

The task of building a new church seemed more than this small congregation could face. The people prayed earnestly to God for divine guidance.

Finally, enough funds were obtained to pour the foundation. With a reckless faith in God, this little band started construction. Through hard work, sacrificial giving, and great trust, this modern building was completed without any indebtedness!

As a result of this adventure with God, there was a revival of interest in the church and today it is being served by its own fulltime pastor.

God working through man to do the unbelievable was not unusual to the writer of the letter to the Ephesians. His life was committed to "him who by the power at work within us is able to do far more abundantly than all that we ask or think."

Today as we think of the cross, the empty tomb, and Easter morning, we are able to grasp something of the message being sent to the people of Ephesus. It is a good day to ask ourselves, Have I committed my life to the risen Lord so completely that he can do far more with me and through me than I can ask or think?

捅raurr: Show us, O Christ, how thy power within us may become a more effective witness for thee. Amen.
-JOHN W. LINDSAY
APRIL 13
With the Lord on my side I do not fear. What can man do to me?-Psalm 118: 6

T A WAR-BOND rally, a speaker expressed appreciation that we had God on our side. It is reported that Joe Louis responded by saying it was far more important for us to be sure we
were on God's side. This is true humility, basic to entering into the protective presence of God. When we have evaluated our own desires and motives and actions, and feel a humble confidence that we are on God's side, then we will have the assurance that he is on our side and we need fear no harm that can come from man.
I have just returned to my study after spending the afternoon calling. Again, as many times before, I have been impressed by the wonderful attitude in two homes. It is good to know those who have become able to endure confining illness by moving to God's side and accepting his spiritual power of endurance. The visitor is aware that they dwell in that protective spirit and can say, "The Lord is on my side, I do not fear."
The fifth verse of this Psalm indicates a second perception of God that is basic to this sense of protection and refuge-the bigness and strength of God. The Interpreter's Bible suggests two additional translations of "the Lord answered me and set me free"-Leslie's "answered me with freedom" and Gunkel's "led me into a broad place."

We become so entangled with our tiny portion of the world and of life that we forget the bigness of God. Here in the mountain country, when one climbs or drives to a mountaintop, he can see more of the world and can sense again the bigness of God. We are fortunate enough to have a mountain just at the edge of town. We can go to its top and we can look down and see the wide expanse of the city, the lights of its homes, its stores, its industry. Then we can look up and see the stars, closer and clearer, and we can know that God is in his heaven, and "all's right with the world."

If one doesn't have the actual mountain, he can still let God lead his spirit to a high and broad place, and he can still witness the glory of God, knowing that with God at his side, nothing can harm him, and he need not fear.
IITruurr: Dear God, let us come close to thee and feel thy power. Remove transgression from me, that I may live on thy side. So being in thy family, grant me thy fatherly protection and assurance, that I may live freely and without fear. In Jesus' name. Amen.
-C. T. HAWES

# Looks at New 

 Books

Wesley Branch Rickey, conferring with then-Dodger manager Leo Durocher (left), never played professional baseball on Sunday . . . in tribute to his mother.

If The Methodist Church canonized its saintly leaders, Bishop Robert Richford Roberts might today be a patron saint of DePauw University. Roberts grew to manhood when the church foundations were being laid. A pioneer at heart, he was happiest among the frontier people.
And now Worth Marion Tippy has done a masterful job of weaving together the records and reminiscences of those who knew the bishop. Fronticr Bishop (Alingdon, \$3.50) is a warm, affectionate portrait of the sixth bishop of our church.

A man of diverse talents, Roberts was an excellent administrator and a powerful evangelist. A desire to assure better cducation for others led him to devote the last decade of his life to DePauw and to name it the residuary legatee of his estate.

I doubt that any Methodist in professional sports has more friends among Together readers than Branch Rickey. We've been hearing from them since I noted last month Branch Rickey. I Imerican in Action (Houghton Mifllin, \$4) by his close friend Arthur Mann.

A score or more years ago, I recall, I heard Rickey speak to 4 -H youngsters. I thought then-and still do-that this Methodist layman would have made a great circuit rider if he hadn't gone into baseball!

Anent the controversy concerning TV in the home, (see Potw'uow on page 10), there's a wonderful new book of Songs for Children for fanilies who want to make their own fun. This new collection, by Hoagy Carmichael (Simon \& Schuster, \$1.95), contains 23 songs in great variety.

One or two could be played by eager beginners at your house, but mostly they look to be the music Mother is called on to perform.

Two thirds of a continent separates me from Bishop Gerald Kennedy. But each month I think of the bishop as my neighbor-for there he is, just a page or two away, with his stimulating comments.

This month I'm happy to bid him welcome to my own bailiwick, for his new book, I Belicue (Abingdon, $\$ 1.25$ ). deserves to be read widely.

Bishop Kennedy here gives a cle: picture of his beliefs and goals. He h: brought together in less than 100 pagt a revelation of how much we miss ; life if we do not have firm beliefs. Or passage from a chapter on fellowshif
"Among the papers left by the nori ist F. Scott Fitzgerald there was a 1 of suggestions for future stories. $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ paper read: 'A widely separated fami inherit a house in which they have live together.' This is the story whic is being written today. Just substitu God for the author and the world $f$ the house: 'A widely separated famil -Russians, Germans, Chinese, Ame cans, Jews, Arabs-now live in a wor so small that all the quarreling tak place right in our own living rool What the Bible calls 'fellowship' is mo than a word or ideal. It is now ti minimum requirement for living , gether."

Young Only Once, by Clyde ? Narramore (Zondervan Publishii House, \$2 paperback) has one chapı worth the whole price. The author a tainly has his finger on the fanily pul He talked with many teen-agers befc writing this book and found you people are concerned about getti along better with their families. T chapter on this subject is outstandir

The story is told of a famous stat man who said to a young reportu "Yes, I'll be glad to prepare a sta" ment for you. Just tell me when your-what do you newspapermen $c^{\text {a }}$ it?-your deadline?"
"Sir," the reported sighed, "son place around the world at this inst? a newspaper is going to press wi United Press news. We've got a dea line every minute."

With that introduction, a form United Pressman, Joe Alex Morri tells the story of the famed nen gathering agency on its 50 th annive sary in Deadline Every Minu (Doubleday, \$5). Open this book any page-and there is a good stor A press association, such as UP, is strange offair. Its assets are a collectic of beaten typewriters and batters desks scattered around the earth, few leased wires-and an extraordina staff that never sleeps. All it has to se in the final analysis, is fast and trut ful news. In this book, author Morı dishes up some exciting stories-ar stories behind the news-since 190


## Starring <br> SIDNEY POITIER•UUANO HERNANOEZ•OHN MCNTIRE. <br> Directed by MICHAEL AUDLEY Screenplay by H. KENN CARMICHAEL <br> EARTHA KITT <br> Produced by LLOYD YOUNG A Lloyd Young \& Associates Production A Universal-International Release



## Wisconsin Cook Wins Two Blue Ribbons

It's fun to have a prize-winning cook in the family, daughter Judy thinks, as she looks over her mother's awards. Mrs. George Weidman won two ribbons just last fall-at the Ozaukee County Fair.
Like most prize-winning cooks, Mrs. Weidman uses Fleischmann's Active Dry Yeast. "It's fast and easy," she says. "Gives me perfect risings every single time."

During March, many of you plan Lenten menus. Of course, you'll include yeast-raised specialties, and if
you bake at home, use Fleischmann's Active Dry Yeast. It's fast and easy -and convenient, too-stays fresh for months. Keep Fleischmann's Active Dry Yeast handy in your cupboard for yeast-raised treats and for the new "Yeast-Riz" Main Dishes. There's a recipe on every "Thrifty Three."


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## CAMP AND CONFERENCE DIRECTORS

## FOR <br> THE

PEAK OF RROTECTIONA


## BROTHERHOOD MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY <br> 230 E. BERRY STREET <br> FORT WAYNE 2, INDIANA



Some of the biggest: the "fals Armistice of World War I and similar episode in World War II; Billy Mitchell trial over air power; Ruth Snyder-Judd Gray murder tri Lindbergh's transatlantic hop to Par the Wall Street crash of 1929, and t Hungarian revolt in 1956.

You'll have a new appreciation the unique American new's services w their sweat and dedication after readi this spirited, significant book.

Along about this time of year smelt run, when the fish come in shore to spawn, usually begins. A with this indication of spring, talk the Barnabas household turns to su mer camp.

Our interest in camps is twofo The youngsters go away to camp fo couple of weeks each summer, and Bonnie has served for years on camp committee for the local $C$ Scout camp.

For these reasons we were interes in The Successful Camp by Lewis Reimann (University of Michis, Press, \$4.75). It's a fine handbook anyone who owns a camp or serves a camp committee, for it covers virt ly every aspect of camp administrat and accepted standards for mod camp facilities.

Of Men and Marshes, by Paul Errington (Macmillan, \$4.50), i: book that got its start in glacial mars on the author's family farm in e central South Dakota. This man tr loves the marshlands. His love begat be known when he was a lad of


A day or two of warm weather bri flocks of pintails out to the mars,
and stayed out of school the first 1 of December to trap on the mars of the home farm.

Since then he's hunted and trap marsh communities of the Middle W the Far West, and the Southeast. I at home in the world of muskr minks, ducks, geese, fish, rabl herons, hawks, and mice-and at season. From his recollection of sou I could almost hear as I read the bor ing of prairie chickens, the whistle goldeneye wings in flight.

Barnabas, hereby resolve to keep hart on the kitchen bulletin board ere I shall record the comings and ngs of our winged visitors in the igh at the north end of our land.
or gencrations, New York City's ver East Side has been a jungle of 11:1n misery. Through its teeming ements have passed successive waves unwelcomed minorities-ltalians, s. Negrocs, Puerto Ricans. Its older mi now include the top men in the wing of the Mafia-men who connot only organized crime and iets, but more political councils most of us clare admit.
oday, despite imposing new housdevelopments and cleanup drives, Lower East Side is still rocked by ence. Among other things, it is the uping grounds of teen-age strect gs and their "old ladies"-girl ads, to the uninitiated. Dope addic, scxual promiscuity, muggingsc are the commonplaces of these ngsters' lives.
the storm center of this hurricane iolence stands St. Augustine's Episal mission. There a staff on duty and the clock is secking an answer hatred and strife in the practical lication of Christ's love. How this ill battle is being waged is told dly by the Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, r of St. Augustine's, in Light the $k$ Strects (Seabury, \$t). This is ting reading-a book with the lop of a hearyweight champion. It's volume for the smug and coment. for the timid who fear to face to the evils of life.
eldom do we want to apply the ctive "great" to a book. But we do his one. If you want to see how man is meeting a major national lem, delinquency, with deeds, not itudes-and if you're not afraid of ness-don't miss this book!
he paintings by India's artists in ether last December have taken greater meaning since l've read ian Paiuting by W. G. Archer ford, \$8). With 15 handsome, ed-in color plates, you trace the ne of romantic love, which gave ting and poctry a vitally Indian racter and also formed the chief Incontribution to the arts from early
wery week, it seems, some writer es a new and thoughtful look at this ntry's racial problems. Latest offeris one straight from the scene of the nt Little Rock disorders-An Epih for Dixie, by Harry S. Ashmore orton, \$3.50).
shmore, executive cditor of $T / t c$ hansas Gazettc, is an ex-Cl with acthing to say. And he says it well. rative of South Carolina, first state

## Good Drivers!

## IF YOU DRINK...

## See Your Pastor . He Can Help You Stop

We don't know WHY you drink, and perhaps you don't either, But-
WE DO KNOW* that two drinks will make you a poorer driver ( $25 \%$ less efficient mentally and physically). Can you continue to drive safely in today's traffic with that kind of handicap? Why carry this extra threat to the safety of yourself and your loved ones? WE DO KNOW* that alcohol is present in over $40 \%$ of all fatal traffic accidents. Recent estimates indicate that "at least 15,000 lives could be saved annually" if the alcohol factor could be eliminated.

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* On the basis of recent research reports.
$\dagger$ The occasional or "social drinker" is not eligible.
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By Bishop Bromley Oxnami. One of the world's outstanding spiritual leaders tells in simple, non-theological language why he belicves in God, Jesus Christ, Immortality, Prayer, the Forgiveness of Sins, and the Church. Finally he tells why he believes in the ultimate perfectibility of Man. This is a rigorous and forthright book. Its complete confidence in the efficacy of Christianity as a rule of life will comfort and inspirc many, and it suggests humanitarian, common-sense answers to fundamental problems which Christian laymen have wrestled with from time immemorial. (LB) postpaid. $\$ 3.00$

## The Methodist Way of Life

By Bishop Gerald Kennedy. Here is the complete story of the Methodist Chureh. It presents the development of the Methodist Chureh from its fronticr beginning to its present form-what it means to live and worship as a Methodist. The book moves at a rapid pace and the author retells many incidents that are packed with human interest. (PH)

# The Methodist Publishing House 


secede from the Union back in ivil W:ar days, he knows the South ad its viewpoints. But this onctime arvard scholar also is able to look at c problem from the standpoint of c North and the nation as a whole. In his view, segregation-at least on e social level-is going to continue definitely. But he feels the South has responsibility to arrange its affairs so Negroes may advance up the social deler als far as their individual ability arrants.
The author is a controversial figure. e has been hailed by some as a oncer in working out new patterns or the South-and condemned by hers for not defending the status quo, ith armed might if necessary. Hower you may feel about the racial aestion, Ashmore is worth reading. chas a definite viewpoint to express.


Vow for heaven's sake, don't get your ther started on political matters till ter he's digested his dinner tonight."

Visiting among our church friends, e find a real surge of interest in ome devotions. This growing awareess of the responsibility of us parents or teaching our children the values tat matter most certainly is an enmaraging trend.
There's a new book, Our Family Vorships at Home, by Anna Laura del Edward W. Gebhard (Abingdon, 2.50), which offers suggestions for arting home worship. The authors use ctual samples of their own family orship pattern and suggest prayers, oems, and hymns for added interest nd inspiration.

The late Sidney W. Dean learned , cook at 11 . He kept at it for the next 0 years to the eternal gratitude of rose whose privilege it was to savor re product of his culinary skills.
His equal skill as a newspaperman nabled him to translate his other enhusiasm into book form. Cooking Imerican (Hill and Wang, \$3.95) is man's cookbook, with more than a ash of old New England. Dean
omitted most of the recipes found in the ordinary cookbook, for he needed every inch of space to include odels and ends of cooking lore picked up in cooking -and catting-in every area of the United States.

Not only a scholarly re-cvaluation of Oliver Cromwell's place in English history, but insight into the way succecoling generations interpret history appears in a new book by Maurice Ashley, The Greutness of Oliver Cromwell (Maomillan, \$5).

Ashley, a Cromwell scholar, differs with past interpretations of his subject in that he considers him to have placed liberty of conscience above all else. And "where the choice came finally between liberty and order, he (Cromwell) preferred liberty."

Certainly this book is a contribution to the literature about Cromwell, who has been called villain, dictator, statesman, military genius, hero. Ashley claims the latter for this Protestant ruler of England from 1650 to 1658.

This work is timely: September 3 is the 300 th anniversary of Oliver Cromwell's death.

Gordon N. Ray's Thackeray: The Age of Wisdom, 1847-1863 (McGrawHill, \$8) is the second volume of the biography of the man who is perhaps best known for Vanity Fair. It reveals two different aspects of Thackeray: the writer the world knew and the man known only to himself. The tensions and conflicts revealed in the latter make familiar reading in this age of psychoanalysis and self-examination. And the cloying possessiveness oi Amelia's mother in Vanity Fair bears strong resemblance to Thackeray's own parent.

The Police Athletic League of New York, bent on helping youngsters make a better life for themselves, is noted for success in developing top-notch athletes. Last fall, in a drive to expand its influence, it decided to try its luck with letters.

An essay compctition on Why I Like to Read Books offered books as prizes in three different age groups, $8-12,13$ 15. and 16-18.

Top winner turned out to be an 11 -year-old from Staten Island, Earline Murphy. At the end of his rather scholarly essay on the educational value of books was this succinct clincher: "I like to read books because it keeps me out of trouble."

Publishers, reviewers, readers would be hard put to improve upon such honest reactions as . . "Better than money, cake, soda, and candy put together." "Books are funny and sad but you just be glad you have them," "Take a book like Huckleberry, all the funny English it has . . "

Barnabas


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You are wise to invest your money in an annuity because it is a safe and worry-free form of investment. You are truly Christian when you buy an annuity with a heart-an American Bible Society Annuity Agreement.

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Dr. Michalson

## Answers Questions

## About

 y(0)TBDr. Carl Michalson is a professor of theology, Drew Theological Seminary.

How do you explain miracles?
If one could explain them, they would not be miracles. Miracles, however, are not just inexplicable deviations from the usual. In the gospels they always signify the
power of the presence of God, and the power of God since the coming of Christ is understood to be power unto salvation. (See Romans 1:16, and 1 Corinthians $1: 24$.)

## Should Christians ask God for things?

Christians who do not ask God for things are usually unselfish and self-reliant. They do not expect God to rescue them from predicaments within their own control. They are confident that God can manage the universe without advice from them. "Not my will but thine," they pray, believing God knows what they need even before they ask. This
attitude is commendable but tends to do both God and man an in justice. Man is not an angel, he is : worldling. But for material things he could not survive as a man. A Christian may not be of the world but he is surely in it. Moreover, i does God an injustice because i wrongly assumes that God is no mored by our requests.

## $\mathbf{A}_{\text {re writings now inspired like the Bible? }}$

The Bible is the Christian's authority, not because it is inspired but because it is inspired with the truth of Cod in Jesus Christ. The apostles were raised up to witness to this truth. When the church fathers selected the writings which make up our New Testament, they had one main test: Could an apostle have written this? That meant, do
these writings testify to Jesus Christ: The canonized Scriptures are un like any other book in the way the! conserve the memory of our faith Inspired writings today which sal the things the Bible says depeni upon the Bible for their inspiration Writings which say things the Bi ble doesn't say are not inspired un less they are a witness to Christ.

## I. Clurisianity reasomalle?

Christianity is a reveated taith. This means it is a way of life which is given us. God gites us this truth in the ministry of Christ and through his Church. No man has discovered it, nor does it stand under the juthment of man. In that sense, Christianity is not "reasonable."

In another sense, however, Christianity is most reasonable, for "the Son of Cod has come and has given
us understanding" ( 1 John 5:20) Such a faith does not exact blinc acceptance. It confers enlightemment It is not something we are requirec to behere, in order to be Christians Rather, faith illumines our live with meaning. Bringing the trutt of God into our lives, faith will dis sotve falsehood, and will organize other truths, and put a reason ir living.

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## THOMAS NELSON at sons

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## By <br> MARGARET EVELYN SINGLETON

YOUNG Mr. and Mrs. Robin were building their nest. Mrs. Robin stopped working a moment and listened to the hens in the barnyard next door. They were clucking and cackling loudly. Maybe they would tell Mrs. Robin what they were so excited about. She flew over to the fence and perched there.
"Good morning, Leghorn ladies," she chirped pleasantly.

The hens trooped over to the fence. "Good day, good day," they clucked.

One of them, Laura Leghorn, said, "You're the new neighbor', aren't you? We've seen you working on your
nest almost every day now."
"Yes," said young Mrs. Robin. "I haven't had much time to visit. We have to get our nest built so there will be a place for our eggs."
"Oh yes, eggs," said Laura. "By the way, do you know about Easter eggs?"
"No," said Mrs. Robin. "What kind of a bird lays Easter eggs?"
"We do," said Laura proudly. All the Leghorn ladies held their heads higher. "We lay eggs so white they can be dyed for children's Easter baskets. All colors-pink and green and red and blue and yelloweven with stripes and polka dots!"
"My," said Mrs. Robi "they must be beautiful!"
"Oh, they are," said La ra. "Easter will soon be he and our eggs will be gather for coloring. What color a your eggs?" she asked I litely.

Mrs. Robin looked dov shyly. "I don't know-yet she said softly.
"Oh," said Laura, "We they can't possibly be as pre ty as Easter eggs."
"I suppose not," sigh young Mrs. Robin.
"Let us know when thi come," said Laura. "We like to see them anyway
"I will," promised $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ Robin. She flew back to $t$ half-built nest and began
ork on it again. All the time e kept thinking about the ghorn ladies' eggs, so hite they could be dyed all lors of the rainbow.
"I wonder what color our gs will be," she said to Mr. bin.
"It doesn't really matter," id young Mr. Robin, stuff$g$ a piece of bright-red ing into a crack in the st. "Don't you worry$s$ what's inside the eggs at counts."
"I know," said Mrs. bin. Just the same, she uldn't help hoping the eggs ould be pretty, too.
Every day brought Easter arer. At last the nest was ished. And on Easter orning there were four gs in it. Mrs. Robin looked wn at them. Her eyes one with surprise and joy Laura Leghorn would ver believe it until she saw e eggs for herself! Mrs. bin began to sing and 1g. She knew she could not ave the eggs, for they must kept warm. Mr. Robin
was oft hunting food for her, so she stayed where she was and called, "Leghorn ladies, my eggs are here!"
"Good! What color are they?" Laura called back.
"I think you had better come and see them for yourself," chirped young Mrs. Robin.

Laura fluttered up onto the fence near the tree where the Robins' nest was. Mrs. Robin moved off the eggs long enough for Laura to see them.

Laura's eyes nearly popped out. "Why, those eggs are the prettiest shade of blue I've ever seen!" she clucked. "Aren't you the lucky bird, Mrs. Robin! You lay your own Easter eggs. Ours are never that beautiful even after they're colored." She flew back to the barnyard to tell the other Leghorn ladies.

Mis. Robin snuggled down on her own Easter eggs. She closed her eyes and dreamed -of the baby robins that would soon hatch out of the beautiful eggs.

## Ielp the Robins!



Mr. and Mrs. Robin have just arrived in the North where they will live during the summer. Can you lead them to the tree so they can build a nest?


## We Thank You All!

Last November we asked you to send us pictures of the things you were most thankful for. You snowed us under with 1,800 drawings! Later, we're going to print some of them in ToGETHER. But right now, here are names of 10 of you Small Fry artists who, says our Art Editor, made very interesting crayon pictures. So we're sending big new scrapbooks to you 10:
Jonathan Bartlett, 8, Lakewood, Calif. Linda Sue Bell, 7, Baltimore, Md. Beverly Cale, 9, Homestead, Pa. Karen Kalp, 8, Scottdale, P'a.
Jay Landers, 7, Louisville, Ky. Vicki Maresh, 7, Berea, Ohio Barbara Pieh, 8, Perham, Minn.
Jane Sanders, 7, Natchitoches, La. Tana Spangler, 6, Reistertown, Md. Kathy Ann Wilson, 8, Harrison, Neb.

After our Art Editor picked those 10 he frowned. "Goodness sakes!" he said. "I'd like to list at least 25 more for a very special 'thank you' from Together." "O.K.," we said. So he did thatand here are your names:

## Gloria Blair, Naperville, Ill.; Ada

 Bruso, Plattsburg, N.Y.; Linda Burt, Rothschild, Wis.; Jerry Fruetel, Bemidji, Minn.; Carol Geiger, Jefferson City, Mo.; Emil Hines, Jr., Belle Vernon, Pa.; Howard Huddleston, Houston, Tex.; Tom Kauffmann, Vero Beach, Fla.; Larry Keemer, Warriors Mark, Pa.; Carol Kresge, Pittsfield, Mass.; Caroline Lauielle, Ferguson, Mo.; Susan Loy, Brazil, Ind.; Carol Lutson, Bridgeport, Conn.; Patrick Murphy, Lexington, Neb.; Thomas Parks, Gouverneur, N.Y.; Randy Ramsey, Wichita, Kan.; Kathryn Rickman, Louisville, Ky.; John Rood, Irvington, N.Y.; Barbara Rothfuss, Van Wert, Ohio; Luena Schultz, Louisville, Ky.; Janine Stafford, Spencerville, Ohio; James Strasma, Kankakee, Ill.; Paul Strickler, Houston, Tex.; Beth Waterman, Agency, Iowa; Elizabeth Winter, Paonia, Colo.
## INDII NELISS HLLLP

THREE DEVASTATING FLOODS destroyed homes and washed out the newly sown seed, so carefully guarded for planting, over a large area of northern India last year. Then, when the desperate farmers succeeded in planting a fourth time, the rains did not come-DROUGHT!


THERE WILL BE MUCH SUFFERIXG. The peopl of India continue their valiant efforts to help then selves. the government is using its precious foreig exchange to buy grain and prevent complete starvation but the people are hmgry. Among the hardest hit ar Christian workers and institutions in rural areas. Ris ing food costs and falling local income threaten th very existence of many Methodist pastors. church work ers and their families, the students in our church schos dormitories. One-half million already die of tubercu losis in India each year. Now malnutrition will increas the incidence of disease. The Methodist Anti-TB can paign must be doubled.

A SPECIAL APPEAL FOR RELIEF IN INDIA is being made by the MCOR with authority of the Advance Committee of The Methodist Church. The need is now! America will respond! For Advance Special credit, list uame and address of church. district and conference. Send funds through your Conference Treasurer or to the Methodist Committee for Overseas Relief, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York 11. N. Y.
INDIA NEEDS HELP!


How can U.S. check Red gains in Asia? Here are timely answers by an inquiring Mcthodist.

## Around The World In Thirty Days



By GERALD KENNEDY<br>Bishop, Los Angeles Area

T IS REPORTED that two Amerigirls went through the Louvre in minutes-it would have taken only but they had on high heels. I am almost the same category in trying report on Asia after going around the rld in 30 days. The extenuating cirmstance is that I was with Bishop G. mmley Oxnam, whose presence ned doors to the private conference oms of some political and religious ders. With no expectation of saying ything authoritative, let me set down ew impressions:

## TOKYO

It was a conference with our Methist chaplains of the Far East that rted this trip. I cannot refrain from ying my compliments to the men ving the religious needs of the miliy services. The three days spent at so were an inspiration to me. The urch can be proud of its ministers rose parishes are the military camps ound the world.
We were in Japan in 1951 and the velopment since then is astounding. kyo becomes more westernized with ery passing year; the dress of the ople is that of an American city. lere is even less bowing, as if the rit of hurry has eliminated the more surely courtesy of the past.
lapan was the first Oriental country adopt western ways--including some our less admirable tendencies.

Once our enemies, now our friends, the Japanese are a mighty force in the Orient and we must aid them in their problem of limited resources for an expanding population. How they prosper will proclaim what the West has to offer, and their driving energy is one of the major elements in our struggle.

## SEOUL

The capital of Korea does not reflect the prosperity of Tokyo, for its war has been recent. It is a city filled with refugees from the north. A Methodist is thrilled with the schools and churches, though the Presbyterians have twice as many members. President and Mrs. Syngman Rhee were in the congregation where I preached on a Sunday morning, for the president of Korea is a loyal Methodist layman.

Rhee is what we call a dedicated man, which is to say he is singleminded. His life has been given to the cause of Korean freedom. He has no doubt about the evil of Communism and he has no hope of dealing with the Communists on any other basis than force. He is sure that his country can be united only by invading North Korea.

In the 40 minutes of private conversation Bishop Oxnam and I had with Rhee, there was never the slightest hint that compromise or negotiating with the enemy would be acceptable to him. Further, he is sure that delay makes the
inevitable conflict more difficult and uncertain for us.

Can you localize a war in Korea? Is force the only answer to Communism? Are we naïve in assuming that the ultimate victory is ours if our cause is right? I am sure of one thing: There will never be any question as to whose side Rhee is on. It is good to have that kind of ally.

## TAIPEH

Early one morning we were met at the airport of the capital of Free China by a party of Christian friends headed by Bishop Ralph Ward. It was a full day of interviews and visits to church projects. As Methodists, we are just getting started on Formosa with a church under construction, a new youth camp in the mountains, a clinic, and a fine new building for Soo Chow University.

What is the future of this island, the stronghold of Gen. Chiang Kaishek? American officials on the scene are optimistic about developing the island so that it can support a large population. They do not favor recognition of Red China and they see Formosa as a military base which must be held at all costs.

Bishop Ward arranged a dinner party where we talked with Chinese leaders. Among those present were a general, several government officials, and three educational leaders. They spoke with great optimism about the return to the

## Still here at 90!

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mainland, which one said would take place within two years.
Later, Madame Chiang received us in her home. She had been visiting one of our aircraft carriers and must have been weary, but did not show it. My wife agrees with me that Madame Chiang is about the most attractive and charming woman we have ever met. She is full of grace and beauty.
Although her courtesy never dimmed, she let us know that she was upset by a report that a representative group of Methodist young people had passed a resolution advocating recognition of Red China. This, to her, was treason. Madame Chiang wanted us to understand that her fight is our fight. If the struggle is not yet in San Francisco, it is because it is being waged in Taipeh.
I left the city next day, troubled in mind. These people, who had been face to face with Communism, saw no hope in anything but military force.
HONG KONG

This is one of the most interesting cities in the world, a listening post for both sides. We met people who had lately come out of Red China and still bore the marks of fear. We shall not write much about them, for they still have relatives behind the Bamboo Curtain. This, in itself, is one indictment of Communism. Any system that depends on fear is evil.

We had a delightful evening with Methodist friends. They told us of their work and we were proud of our church. From the mountaintop on the island that night, I saw a view almost as wonderful as the one from my home in the Hollywood Hills.

## BANGKOK

The capital of Thailand is on a river and much of its life is concentrated along the canals. The children impressed me most with their bright ex-
pressions and their friendliness, and think there must be a happy family lit among the poor. We shall not forg: the carly-morning trip along the wate where it seemed that everyone w: bathing. Merchants were deliverin their goods, and children were goir to school, by boat.

There came to me a phrase used Adlai Stevenson: "Revolution of expe tation." These people are no longer $r$ signed to their porerty and hopele slavery. They have been touched the West's ideas of progress and ir provement. Is this something to o pose? God forbid! Let us see this as on glorious opportunity to serve and lead. We were born for such a day.

## NEW DELHI

We met India's president, vice-pre dent, and prime minister. I was in pressed with this leadership.
President Rajendra Prasad is a ta white-haired, quiet-spoken disciple Mahatma Gandhi. He believes th passive resistance will work anywhe and is committed to it as a practio weapon. My impression is that he is moral influence in the governme rather than a dynamic leader. He spo with appreciation of Christianity's soc and educational contributions to Ind but he is not in favor of consersic Christian missionaries will have an creasingly dificult time in India unl they confine their work to social se ice, if the president has anything to about it.
Vice-president Sir Sarvepalli Rad krishnan is one of the world's great living philosophers, a great scholar a statesman. He loves to talk and talks well. Is war inevitable betws America and Russia? He thinks r Russia is changing more than we real and there is a growing demand more individual freedom there.
We heard Prime Ninister Jawahar Nehru defend the second five-year p' in the lower house and answer

India's President prasad is in faror of nene restrictions on Christian missionary He expressed his wiens in talks mith Methodist bishops Kemucdy, left, and O we

klers. The dilficulty of the jolt ng the government seems over-lming-until one remembers what been accomplished in five years. Ve saw Nehru in his home alter a 4. hard day. He was obviously tired. gracious and keen in his obsersals. He said that any policy which templated war was impossible. Ho ught we were foolish not to recougRed China. He, too, thought that sia was changing and that often we e been too recalcitrant.
ann convinced that those who regard aru as soft toward Communism wrong. He is committed to democand we are foolish when we hessito help his government. China has ien one path and India another. To India prove to the world that our is best should be a central element ur foreign policy.

## ISTANBUL

have confined these observations lsia and there may be some quesas to whether Istanbul is in Asia Europe. The Turkish army has the itation of being one of the best and as thrown in its lot with the West. key is a powcrfully ally and not Iy frightened by Soviet threats. e spent a Sunday with his Holiness ennagoras I, the head of nearly 130 ion Christians. He is aware of world ditions and is committed to the free ld.
wish the Moslem government would cise more control over the fanatical is who burned Christian property years ago. As the patriarch said, e have been Greeks in Istanbul for centurics and there have been istians there for 20 centuries. They not newcomers or subversives.
In a visit to the theological sem$y$ on Halki Island in the Sea of mara, we sailed into the harbor of Icedon, where one of the great rch councils was held in the fourth ury. We ought to help the Turkgovernment see the opportunity making Istanbul a mecting place Christians and Moslems. It would in something in the world if there dd be a demonstration of mutual rect and concern.
inally, three conclusions:

1) We are defining our strategy too rowly. Military superiority is only part of the picture. (2) Our most rable exports are freedom and ect for persons and culture. When: we deny this for reasons of exiency we bring comfort to Comnism. (3) We need a bold, new as daring as the Marshall Plan. often we meet the Communists on r own terms with counterattacks holding actions. We need to demonte that democracy can lead.


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## CHURCH WAGES UPHILL FIGHT UNDER RED RULE

Behind the Iron and Bamboo Curtains in Europe and the Far East, Methodism still has a toehold, is even expanding in places.
This hopeful note comes from latest reports to reach U.S. Methodists. From some countries these are the first authoritative reports in almost 10 years. High lights:

China-Officials report a spurt in membership, but exact figures are lacking. (In 1949, before Communists took over, Chinese Methodists numbered 118,000 in 10 annual conferences.) Now reports from scattered sections show small, but significant, gains. In the Foochow Conference, there are 21,000 Methodists, compared with 18,000 in 1949.

East China Conference recently ordained nine ministers; Mid-China, 11; North China, five.

Bishop Z. T. Kaung, though past retirement age, still is the Methodist leader. His former colleague, Bishop W. Y. Chen, once imprisoned, continues under house arrest.

Chung Chi College, 18 miles from Hong Kong, has 463 students, 50 of them just out of Communist China. There are 197 Christians in the student body and all faculty members are Christian.

North Korea-Four years after the end of the Korean conflict, there still is no information on Methodists north of the 38th parallel.

Cacchoslovakia-Methodists now number 5,000, with 19 pastors. But the denomination is not growing. No new pastors are recruited and no new church sites are allowed. Young people are susceptible to Communist propaganda.

Yugoslavia-Biggest problem: lack of workers. Before World War II there were 19 Methodist ministers; now, thrce. But large congregations, with many youths, are not unknown.

The severing of diplomatic relations between Yugoslavia and West Germany prevents theological professors at Frank-furt-on-Main from helping Methodist colleagues at Novi Sad.

Hungary-Despite severe pressure, Methodist morale is unbroken. There are 3,000 members, 12 preachers, but few young prople.

Bulgaria-Services held despite "difficult circumstances." Most pastors must
hold extra jobs, with wives and children also working.

Polaind-Reports one leader: "We have been along the road to Calvary. We have not succumbed." A new superintendent has been elected and 12 men ordained.

East Germany-Membership, now 62,000 in East and West Germany, continues to gain, particularly in East Germany. Seventeen U.S. Methodist youths recently met with young people from East and West Germany.

## Houston Nurse Takes Title

A Texas maiden has lassoed this year's "Miss Methodist Student Nurse" title.

Barbara Bowman of McAllen, Tex., was chosen from candidates of 53 nursing schools connected with U.S. Methodist hospitals and made her formal bow at a convention of the National Association of Methodist Hospitals and Homes.

Miss Bowman, a senior, is former student president of Houston Methodist Hospital School of Nursing. In telling why she chose nursing for a career, she said, "If I can live up to the great tradition of true nursing, I will achieve an inner peace necessary for happiness."


Miss Student Nurse, Barbara Bow'man: "Nursing makes me a better person."

Church Hospitals Too Costl
A leading Methodist official thin Protestant churches should stop bui ing large-city hospitals.

The cost is too great for churches bear, Dr. A. Dudley Ward, general s retary, Board of Social and Econon Relations, has told the Chicago Chur Federation.

Churches now receive governmen aid for hospital building, opening question of whether they can accu such grants and still maintain separat: of church and state, Ward asserted. A he pointed out that churches can't st ply enough trained personnel to $r$ their hospitals and other social welf agencies.

In Ward's view the church can more good by co-ordinating its so welfare efforts with those of state, co ty, and city organizations with chur owned agencies built only in pion fields.

## Never Had It So Good!

When it comes to dating and opportunities, the 14 - to 16 -year-c are far ahead of the teen-agers of years ago.

This is something for the chu school to ponder, says the Rev. Don Newby, executive director of the tional Council of Churches.

A study of American youth brou out these facts, Newby said:

1. Today's youth have 42.000 titles to choose from compared to 20 in 1940.
2. The moving of 20 per cent of nation's families annuatly causes c culties in teen-age group relationst and acceptance.
3. We have 16 million teen-at today, and expect 24 million by $1 i$ The 20 -to- 40 age groups-from ilt most volunteer youth workers com will be relatively small.
4. Today's 16 million teen-agers h about $\$ 9$ billion to spend-earnings allowances.
5. In the 12 -to- $2 t$ age group in than 100,000 women have been mari and divorced- 6,000 of these are tween 14 and 17.

## To Survey U.S. Religion

Religion in the U.S. will be stuc this year by the Fund for the Repul a non-profit organization established the Ford Foundation.

Dr. Robert M. Hutchins, Fund pr dent, said the study will deal with r tions between church and state, the of religion in public life, and religi dissent.

The study is part of an over-all $p$ ect started last summer by the $\mathrm{Ft}_{1}$ when it tackled the analysis of corpe tions, labor unions, common defet

Among issues to be covered: rig
ies and effect of religious pressure ups on freedom; the use of public ds to assist cluurcl-supported cluci1: religious instruction and "moral dance" programs in public schools, "bloc-voting."

## rica Strikes a New Posture

n a symbolic "coming of age," AlriProtestant leaders have met in the All-African Church Conference in rdan, Nigeria.
and as an "adult". body, the church st "take sides against cril.," Dr. Alan on of South A frica told the 200 delees and observers from 21 African ntrics and 20 outside Africa. The hor of Cry the Beloved Country was iking of racial segregation.
he church, he said. "must act now nuse in the future it will be called n to prevent excesses and crueltics nationalism in its worst manifesta-

Icthodists, Preshyterians, Lutherans, scopalians, Dutch Reformed, SalvaArmy, and others were represented. o Roman Catholic priests came as ervers.
he conference endorsed a World incil of Churches' statement that y form of segregation based on race, r, or ethnic origin is contrary to the pel and is incompatible with the istian doctrine of man and with the ure of the Church."
Delegates also adopted a resolution ing that the guarantees in the UN laration of Human Rights be writinto "any new constitutions" for exgg or future states in Africa.
five topics received special attention: e Church, youth and the family; the urch and economic life; the Church politics; the Church and culture, the growing Church.

## sh Crackdown on Smut

rotestants are stepping up their rts to clean up newsstands.
key Methodist, the Rev. Ralph A. mon of Spartanburg, S.C., reports t the number and influence of obne magazines and books has mushmed in the last two years. peaking before the Board of Temance, he said that "filthy, lurid gazines" can be bought by school Idren as easily as comic books.
fany publications capitalize on sex ause Americans find themselves undering" for a healthy attitude vard life, Cannon explained. "Someng must be done quickly, before cene publications get the influence 1 wealth which the alcohol industry v has," he asserted.
Cannon represented the Board at urings of a subcommittee of the use Judiciary Committee studying icene matter in the mails. The hearis focused on two bills introduced

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# METHODIST ALMANACK 

\%iver
A Miscellaney of Dates \& Divers Interesting Matters for People Called Methodist
The absent are never without fault, nor the present without excuse-B. Franklin

## MARCH hath XXXI days

3rd Month

Ah, March! we know thou att Kindhearted, 'spite of ugly looks and threats, And, out of sight, art nursing April's violets!-H. H. Jackson

|  | Sa | Brutus betras |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | S | National Wildlife Week |
| 17 | M | Methodist preacher enthralls crowd from steps of U.S. Capitol, 1822 S. |
| 18 | Tu | Issue No. 1 of Pravda appears, Moscow, 1917 |
| 19 | W | Swallows return to Capistrano (Says here!) |
| 20 | Th | Spring returns at last, 10:06 P. M. |
| 21 | Fr | New Yorkers see their first bicycle, 1819 |
| 22 | Sa | U. S. outlaws foreign slave trade, 1794 |
| 23 | S | Wasginm Sutiay |
| 24 | M | Blind hymnist Fanny Crosby b. 1820 <br> (Methodist, she wrote nearly 6,000 hymns.) |
| 25 | Tu | He knows not when to be silent |
| 26 | W | who knows not when to speak |
| 27 | Th | New U. S. Navy gets money for ships, 1794 |
| 28 | $\mathrm{Fr}^{\text {r }}$ | One-piece swimsuits make a splash, 19212- |
| 29 | Sa | Read Zechariah 9:9, Mark 11:1-11 |
| 30 | S | flalin §unuay |
| 31 | M | Civilian Conservation Corps is born, (CCC men planted over 2 billion |

- Young. dynamic John Summerfiedd, set to preach in the House Chamber that Sunday, moved outside when he found crowd overflowing. Immensely popular everywhere, he reached pulpit of one jam-packed church only after climbing through a nearby window.
- Beach-wear designers predicted some women would wear form-fitting bathing togs that summer. They did. "This will arouse the displeasure of clergymen and Puritans alike," they were warned. It did.


## APRIL hath XXX days

4th Month
Again the blackbirds sing, the streams Wake, laughing, from their winter dreams And tremble in the April showers-l. C. Whittier

| 1 | Tu | All Fools' Day <br> Don't be tricked: Income tax due 15th! |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | W | Prototype movie theater opens doors, 1902 |
| 3 | Th | Rider mounts up, begins Pony Express, 1860 |
| 4 | Fr | (6ınd Ifrialay |
| 5 | Sa | Methodist Missionary Society formed, 1819 |
| 6 | S | Funtrr S Sunay |
| 7 | M | Television is shown off in laboratory, 1927 |
| 8 | Tu | Chas. Wesley takes a bride, 1749 |
| 9 | W | I. Wesley holds first watch night, 1742 |
| 10 | Th | Salvation Army founder Wm. Booth b. 1829 <br> (At 33 he became a Methodist preacher.) |
| 11 | Fr | Even a single hair casts its shadow |
| 12 | $\mathrm{Sa}_{3}$ | Civil War touched off at Ft. Sumter, 1861 |
| 13 | S | Practical theorist Thos. Jefferson b. 1743 |
| 14 | M | SS Titanic hits iceberg, 11:40 P. M., 1912 (It sank just 2 hr ., 47 min . later.) |



- A jealous female friend had warned Charles she was certain, "by revelation," that his marriage to Sarah Cwynne never would take place. But, with John officiating, it did. Typically. Charles expressed his joy by writing 17 hymns about the event.
by Rep. John Dowdy (D.-Tex.). Or would make mailers of obscenity liab to prosecution where the mail is r gut ceived as well as where it is deposite 4 The other would put severe penalti on persons who mail obscene matt to youths under 19.

More Protestant groups were repr sented at the hearings than at at previous hearings on obscenity.
Cannon told the subcommittee abo his study of 120 "sex-exploitative" pu lications sold openly on newsstands South Carolina:
"The ideal man exalted by the publications is the playboy who $h$ : cast off all shackles of propriety, $r$ straint, convention, and conscience. H is the 'man about town' who dress fashionably, excels at sports, mixes : elegant cocktail, gambles intelligentl and who to 'really be a man' must co quer a different woman every night

In other developments:
Protestant and Roman Catholic re resentatives testified at New York Sta hearings on obscene publications.

The International Society of Chr: tian Endeavor anounced it will devo part of its 1958 Christian Citizensh Crusade to mobilizing support of leg lation against obscenity.

The Detroit Council of Church urged stringent laws to control tl sale of salacious material.

Five hundred druggists of the Nort I ern California Pharmaceutical Assoc tion adopted a resolution calling $f$ expulsion of any member who se lewd matter.

In Omaha, Neb., two distributi companies and a dealer were fined f handling obscene publications.
In San Rafael. Calif., police arrest a dealer, seizing five cartons of obsce material.

## Alert COs to Church Program

Methodist officials are taking a sha look at the church's program for co scientious objectors.

The appraisal was started at a mer ing of the Council of Secretaries aft a California pastor complained th Methodist COs have to "seek help fro other sourccs." The minister charg also that The Methodist Church h no "creative posts" for such men ar is of "little service" to them.

The Council, however, replied th church projects for objectors have ber "personal, direct, and far-reaching."

According to the Board of Wor Peace in Chicago, both Methodist ar non-Methodist COs are serving in a proved Methodist institutional projec in the U.S. and overseas. The projec include 21 Methodist hospitals, seri children's homes, five homes for tl aged, and Goodwill Industries in cities.

Of 67 conscientious objectors pro


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essed by the church sime drafting of objectors was renewed in 1952, ahout 13 per cent have been placed in overscas work, including missions in lndia, Africa, and South Auncrica.

Board of Workd Peace figures show that the mumber of Nethodist objectors has declined since World War 11.

## Religion Faces Atomic Age

Problems raised by the atomic age have been probed by 1,000 Protestant churdhunen at a two-tay conference at the University of Chicago. Sponsored by the university's Federated Theologiall Faculty, the meeting brought together theologians, ministers, educators, and business executives from 17 states to discuss "Religion Faces the Atomic Age."
Speakers called upon the U.S. to end the arms race, advised ministers to view religion as a master weapon, and urged Americans to recognize the danger civilization faces instead of pursuing a "business as usual" life.

Dr. Seward Hiltner, professor of pastoral theology at the university warned that religion must evoke the courage to face the fears of the times rather than avoid them.

Two leading businessmen (Sears Roebuck executive James C. Worthy and U.S. Steel vice-president Edward C. Logelin) gave ministers the task of defining the intimate relationship between a man's faith and his business practices.
"Theologians and ministers," said Worthy, "must take the lead in explaining the relevance of religious faith to business practice."

Dr. Jerald C. Bauer, dean of the Federated faculty, lambasted seminaries, charging that ministers are among the "most confused persons in the world."
"Seminaries," he asserted, "are doing the same old thing in the same old way. And thus our ministers are cracking up under pressure at a time when they are needed most.'

Atomic scientist Harold C. Urey, known as "the father of the A-bomb," challenged the churchmen to draw on the scientists' "magnificent view of the universe" rather than "miraculous" and "illogical dogmas."

## Methodist Preference Is Strong

Of Americans 14 and over, 16.7 mil-lion-almost twice as many as are on the official rolls-regard themselves as Methodists. That's what the U.S. Census Bureau finds when a new crosscountry survey of 35,000 households is projected to the nation's population. The Methodist Church officially lists 9.566,629 active members; the census figures include all Methodist bodies.

The statistics come as eye openers for religious leaders because they are considerably higher than denominations

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have been claiming for themselves. Census officials said their figures were higher because many Americans not affiliated with any church have a denominational preference.

Two out of every three consider themselves Protestant; one out of every four Roman Catholic. Total Protestant population in the 14 -plus age group was put at 79 million; Catholic 30.7 million, Jewish, 3.9 million.

There are more Baptists than any other U.S. Protestant group- 23.5 million, according to the report. Official church figures list $19,438,502$ belonging to 27 Baptist bodies. Largest: the Southern Baptist Convention with over 8 million. Methodists are second largest, trailed by Lutherans, 8.4 million, and Presbyterians, 6.7 million.

Protestants, a majority ( 66.9 per cent) in the whole population, are a minority in the Northeast (about 42.3 per cent). In the South they account for about 82.8 per cent of the population. In rural areas too they are most numer-ous-but are outnumbered in most big cities.
Largest proportion of those reporting "no religion" live in "rural, non-farm areas" such as prosperous suburbs, rather than in large cities as is generally believed, the census survey shows.

## Misery Can Spark Next War

Unless the Church and the government join forces to combat world want and misery another war is inevitable. So says Dr. R. Norris Wilson, executive director of Church World Service, international relief arm of the National Council of Churches.

Much work, he explains, can be done only by the two groups together. "And," he adds, "from time to time we of the churches must goad the governmental partner into doing things that are on the religious conscience of the people."

He cites three joint goals:
Removing "parolee" status of 35,000 Hungarian refugees in the U.S.

Making it legally possible to admit 20,000 Dutch évacués from Indonesia.

Shipping relief supplies to starving families in Egypt even though "Nasser is not now popular in the State Department."

He emphasizes relief supplies must be distributed to all in need, "regardless of political expediences."

Church World Service has authorized a lour-year campaign for 50 million pounds of "used but good" clothing for overscas needy, to be collected by localchurch volunteers of the 35 co-operating denominations.

## To Survey Public Morals

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across the country, lavestgation will center on crime, divorce, trallic accidents, akcoholism, and pubtic morals gencrally.

The board also will seck to discover relative effectiveness of state liguor controls. Surseys will be made hy an independent fact-finding agency.
At the boart's ammal meting, Dr. 1):an IV. Dodson, New York University sociologist, asked "if a lot of us who are church people don't aid and abet drinking and alcoholism because of our cmotional rejection of people who do drink."

Looking on the bright side, Dr. Caradine R. Heoton, board general secretary, reported:

Marked decrease in drinking by adults.
More news coverage about the alcohol problem and temperance.

More community-level action groups. Better denominational co-operation. On the dark side, he said:
Americans spend $\$ 10$ billion annually on alcoholic drink.

Nearly 5 million alcoholics need medical care, coupled with Christian concern and pastoral counseling.

Signs indicate increased drinking among juveniles.

Alcohol-related accidents are slaughtering more people on highways.

Almost 60 per cent of all urban arrests last year were alcohol-related.
New targets of alcohol advertising are women and children.

Among proposed remedies: Establishing a clinic for rehabilitation of alcoholics in Washington, as a pilot project for 74 U.S. Methodist-related hospitals, and organizing a Christian social-relations commission in every church to coordinate social and economic relations, temperance, world peace, and commu-nity-co-operation activities.

## Urge Halt to Mixed Marriages

Don't marry out of your faith.
This advice is being pushed by Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish clergymen as they seek to curb the growing problem of mixed marriages.
They are warning that mixed unions create tensions between husband and wife, harm the children. "Religion among spouses of the same faith," one Protestant spokesman says, "is a strong tie of harmony, happiness, and comfort, but in mixed unions it is a source of discord and disturbance."
A particular sore point is the agreement a non-Catholic marrying a Catholic must sign, promising to raise the children as Catholics.

Methodists have spoken out on mixed marriages through General Conference, which urged young people to "consider carefully before becoming engaged to anyone who does not have a similar religious background."


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THE READER'S DIGEST

- PLEASANTVILLE, N. Y

A Jesuit sociologist, the Rev. Luciu: F. Cervantes, of Regis College, Denver cites findings from a study he conducted in collaboration with Prof. Carl C Zimmerman of Harvard University "Those who marry into different faith have four times as many divorces and desertions, and between two and thre times as many children with at least on arrest for delinquent acts.
"They likewise have more trouble is keeping their children in the educa tional system after 16 ."

The priest says Catholics are "les adverse" to mixed marriages than Prot estants or Jews. One third of Catholic marry outside their faith, he reports

## How Much Overlapping Effort.

Some church leaders now are prot ing for soft spots in Methodism's na tional organization. They want to fin out if the work of general boards an agencies overlaps and, if so, what ca be done to get better co-ordination.

Already a special 70 -member con mission, studying the church's juri dictional plan (division of the U.S. int regions), has started to pull togethe findings from 24 public hearings hel coast to coast.
Now the Board of Education sa: that "a multiplicity of agencies, inad quate guidance from The Disciplin and uncontrolled effort toward expa sion are proving to be a problem in tl intelligent approach to Christian ed cation."

The board commends interboat agencies as they seek better co-oper tion. But it appeals to "key persons key places" to stay alert to possible ne essary mergers. One possible merg now under discussion would conso date the Boards of Temperance. Wor Peace, and Social and Economic Rel tions.

Another recent board report express concern that basic teaching resourc for Methodist church school have ber produced outside official channels.
"Our concern," notes the board's er torial division, "is prompted by tt desire to avoid duplications and by i terest in a more efficient production ar coverage of the curriculum needs of : age groups in the church school."

## Hospitals, Homes Cite Gains

The Methodist Church's 213 hos tals and homes cared for 1.4 million pe sons last year, reports Olin E. Oeschgc general secretary, Board of Hospita and Homes. These institutions emplc $4+, 985$ persons, including 12,470 do tors.
Citing "increased capacity, larger a sets, and more services," Oeschg points to these accomplishments:
Hospitals-total bed capacity in ; hospitals increased to 18,409 , up 26 Persons served increased to $1,352,83$

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up $+1,700$ from a year ago. Assets now total \$231,757,243.
Homes-institutions for older persons have been added at Pontiac, Ill.; Frankfort, Ind.; Tolelo, Ohio; San Antonio, Tex., and Spokane, Wash. These institutions served 7,918 . Chilkren's homes and homes for business women housed more then 7,000 .
Oeschger reports a great need for special services to troubled children and for accepting older adolescents. Mcantime, "tremendous shortages" of professional help continue to plague the institutions.
As an answer to the personnel problem, Robert H. MacRac, exccutive director of the Welfare Council of Chicago, suggests to Methodists:
A well-organized program to encourage more young people to enter health and welfare carcers.
Better utilization of trained people.
Improvement of the professional status of social-work careers.
Immediate re-examination of salary, levels. Workers are "grossly underpaid."

## NEWS DIGEST

BIBLE MOVIES. Hollywood is scheduling production on three new ones this year: loseph and His Brethren; The Story of Abraham, and The Flesh and the Spirit, about Mary Magdalene.
spread the gospel. Members of Georgia's 1,500 Methodist churches are receiving pocket editions of the Gospel of John in conncction with a statc-wide evangelistic program. The goal: 21,000 new members.

SALUTE CITIZENS. The entire community of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa (population, 6,000 ), has been cited by editor of Who's Who in America for its campaign to expand and improve facilities of Methodist-related Lowa Wesleyan College. In two years townspeople raised pledges totaling more than $\$ 265,000$.

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Herbert E. Richards

Before he sat down to write In Defense of Gothic (page 33) the Rev. Herbert E. Richards discussed architecture, a lifelong interest, with architects who strongly favor modern design and with stanch traditionalists. He began to see, he says, what modern architects and artists are working toward-but he still believes a structure should be timeless, not timely.

Most people, Richards finds, favor traditional architecture because it has roots. Roots come from experience, down through history, and not from a single man or design.

When members of his Methodist church in Boise, Ida., started thinking about a new building the phrase, "We want a church that looks like a church," became a familiar one to Richards, a former Drew Theological University professor and pastor in Boise for seven years. The new church, started three years ago, is to be completed in January, 1960. It will not be pure Gothic-it will be Dynamic Gothic, about which Richards expresses his views in his article. This church, he predicts, will live. It will be Gothic in design and spirit, but its new features, he is confident, will make it still modern tomorrow.
"I have no quarrel with modern architecture," Richards stresses. "But much of it can't be enduring."

When Gordon Gould started work on Hell Week's Gone (page 20), his powers of persuasion came in handy. Fraternity leaders at first were reluctant to talk: Gordon met with cold receptions from those in some 40 colleges contacted.
"They're touchy about discussing activities," he finds, "because they've had so much adverse publicity in the past." But the chill dissolved when Gordon made it clear that the story would be free from bias-that he was interested only in facts. Once convinced, fraternity leaders opened up and told their stories freely.

As a matter of fact, Gordon admits, he thinks now that he would have enjoyed a fraternity while at college, though he had no yen to join one during his years at Yale. For the last two years he has been a feature writer for The Chicago Tribune and preceded this with a year at the City News Bureau, also in his home town-Chicago.

## OUR CAMERA CLIQUE

Want to take close-ups of your Easter eggrs? Here's a tip from a pro: Our staff photographer who shot those unusual egers on pages 74-76 used a Rolleiflex with two matched Rolleinar, No. 2 , lenses which let him photograph from only 12 inches away. For taking close-ups, our man points out, there now are lenses to fit almost any camera. With these, portrait shots of flowers, stamps, art, open up a whole new world of photography for you.

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# The Fabulous Easter Egg 

By WILMA TREIBER CYMBALA

IF ONE OF YOUR CHILDREN suddenly asked, "Hey, Mom, how come we color Easter eggs?" what would you answer?
I'd have been stumped, too, if asked that question a few short years ago. Year after year, I'd bought dyes and supervised the familiar egg coloring. None of it ever had any special significance to me or my children, for we-like most families-knew almost nothing about how the custom began.
But that seems long ago. Now we begin planning Easter-egg decorations months in advance. What was once just an annual routine has become a fascinating hobby which has added new and deeper significance to our Easters.
It all began the year I tired of mediocre results and decorated some eggs with a small paintbrush. The designs were crude, but my children and I were delighted. Then came that puzzling question: "Where did coloring Easter eggs begin?"
I hadn't the faintest idea, so I began to investigate. Before long I had uncovered delightful legends about the Easter egg and heard thrilling tales from people of many faiths and walks of life. I learned that among some groups decorating eggs at Easter is a highly developed art form, nearly as old as civilization itself.
Did you know, for example, that as long ago as 5000 b.c. it was customary to exchange red-dyed eggs at spring festivals? That was one of my first surprises. Even to ancient peoples, I learned, the egg was a symbol of new life and fertility, having special sig-
nificance as crops were about to be planted.
Egyptians, Greeks, and Romans all used colored eggs in their ritualsan offshoot, perhaps, of the ancient Persian belief that the earth was hatched from an egg, or the Hindu legend that before time began a "world egg" was formed in the "waters of chaos." To this day, incidentally, many Chinese parents still distribute red-colored eggs as birth announcements, much as Americans pass out cigars.
With the advent of Christianity, ancient egg superstitions took on new spiritual significance. Early Christians likened the egg's shell to Christ's tomb, and the egg, in time, came to represent the Resurrection.
Then in the fourth century A.D., Constantine the Great gave Christianity a boost by adopting it as the Roman Empire's religion. As new churches sprang up throughout Europe and the Near East, egg decoration became a beloved custom in Christian homes. From these venerable traditions we've inherited a wealth of Easter-egg folklore.

A Ukrainian legend, to cite one of many such tales, "explains" how egg decorating became a world-wide practice. The Virgin Mary, according to this legend. dyed eggs to offer Pontius Pilate while pleading for Jesus' life. While preparing them, she wept; her tears formed brilliant dots on the eggs. When she appeared before Pilate she dropped to her knees in grief; the eggs rolled across the floor, out the door, and continued rolling until they were distributed around the world.


Author's first step in egg decoration is penciling a design on the eggshell

In England, the Easter egg i known by many names-Pasche Pask, Paste, Pace, and Pasque-al derived from the Hebrew word fo Passover. Years, ago, it was custom ary there to dye eggs, then scrape design on the colored surface with penknife. Often an egg was appor tioned into segments-one for name and dates, another for landscape: flowers, or special decorations suc as cupids with flaming bows an arrow's. The best-decorated eggs wer mounted in long-stemmed glasst and given a place of honor in th corner cupboard, furnishing an ut usual record of family history.

Egg-decorating efforts of childre seldom were good enough to earn spot in the cupboard. But this didn bother youngsters; they preferred t use their eggs in games and contest Boys pitted egg against egg; the fir: to crack lost. Toughest egg wi known as the cock and sometime survived a dozen or more encounter
A more familiar English Easte custom is the egg-rolling contest. It troduced in this country by Doll Madison, wife of the fourth pres dent, it first was held on the grounc of the Capitol. Later it was moved t the White House lawn, where it still a picturesque annual observance

German Easter-egg art followed different pattern. While eggs occi sionally were decorated, they mor often took the form of colorful, egz shaped papier-mâché containers, fille with candy and brightly decorate with lithographs of flowers, chicken and rabbits. Germans also enjoyed e: changing colorfully printed greetin cards, many featuring drawings

ext, she fills in the design, using anmel paint and camel's-hair brushe's.


When the enamel dries, she varnishes the egg and oven bakes it for toughness.


The result is another bright addition to the author's traditional Egg Tree.
rgs, and hanging brightly colored ggshells from branches of small trees nd shrubs. The Easter Egg Tree, ommon in Pennsylvania Dutch suntry, originated with this practice. It was Central Europe, however, hich contributed some of the most elightful Easter customs and proboly the most colorful Easter eggs. In nall villages, preparations for Easter egan weeks in advance and came to climax on Great Friday and White aturday. For weeks, families saved ne finest hen and goose eggs. Then, sing designs and coloring secrets anded down for generations, each mily decorated the eggs.
Balkan peoples were pious and sime, not trained artists, yet uniquely illed from long years of practice ad experience. Generally they used ther of two egg-coloring methods. one, they boiled the egg in a dye th. For this, they preferred such atural dyes as indigo (blue), logood (purple), fustic (yellow), goldarod (yellow-orange), onionskins ournt orange), tea leaves (rose-tan), alnuts (brown), and madder (red). fter dying an egg, the artist gently raped his design on the colored surce with a sharp knife, exposing the hite beneath.
The second method required far ore patience and skill. The artist erced a fresh, uncooked egg at each ad and emptied it by blowing. Then e traced an intricate design on the arface with melted beeswax, using crude tin pen. After the wax hardned, he dipped the shell in a dye. hen, using a slightly darker dye for ch dip, he repeated the process as any as eight times to create the oper design. When the design was

Not just gorgeous-this goose egg is cut and hinged for use as a jewel box, too!



Attention to detail and hours of patient craftsmanship add up to intricate egg decorations such as these done by Mrs. Cymbali
completed, the worker heated the shell gently over a candle flame until all accumulated wax had melted. Then the egg, after polishing with a soft cloth, was ready for exchange on Easter Sunday.

A highly stylized cross was the basis for many of these designs. Others, too, had special significance. One was the fish, ancient symbol of Christianity. Horses and reindeer, symbolizing wealth and prosperity, and hens, signifying fertility and the fulfillment of wishes, appeared repeatedly.

Familiar, too, were pine trees, ram's horns, spiders, grapevines, the feet of geese, ladders, forks, rakes, geometric flowers, and the eightpointed star. Most of these were simply objects commonly found in the rural Balkan environment, although geometric flowers stood for love and charity and the cight-pointed star was
a tribute to Atar, ancient sun god. Designs and their messages were limited only by the imagination and skill of the artist, for by combining various motifs a talented artist could wish a friend new life, good health, hope. and prosperity on a single egg. In some areas, gaily decorated eggs carrying messages of love were exchanged on Valentine's Day!

Immigrants to America seldom were able to bring treasured possessions. But each brought his own skills, customs, and cultural memories. So it's not surprising that the Easter egg made its appearance in this country and soon became part of our common cultural background.

Central European immigrants who settled in the coal-mining areas of Eastern Pemnsylvania have kept eggdecorating customs very much alive. Katherine Milhous, attist and author, has prepared a charming little book,

The Egg Tree (Scribner's, \$2.50) containing a wealth of Easter-egg de signs collected in Pennsylvania Dutcl country.
The old methods and designs ar too slow and tedious for many is the rush of modern living. But for tunately for us, some still possess th old-world craftsmanship necessiry tu produce the fragile beauties whicl have become an important part o our American heritage.
Should Easter eggs be scorned be cause they stem, in part, from pagat ritual? I hope Methodists will nc think so. Rather, let us accept th Easter egg as a rich inheritance fror good things of the past. Let our chi dren remember their Easters by th inspiration of our best-loved stors by glorious music, by sunshine, an spring flowers. Yes, and by the fabt lous Easter egg, traditional symbol Christ's Resurrection.

## New York Area <br> Bishop Frederick B. Newell, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York 11, N. Y.

## ee Heads Council Unit

The Rev. C. Llovil Lee, pastor of the emont Church, New York City, has en elected president of the Brons diviof the Protesat Council of the ty of New York. succeeds the v. Edler G. Hawminister of Augustine Presterian Church, on.
Lee was born in elrose, Iowa, and educated at University of


Mr. Lee inois and Boston hool of Theology, He was minister of United Church in Conway, Mass., fore coming to the New York Conence, where he has held pastorates in hite Plains, Mt. Kisco, and Washington uare Church, New York City.
He served for six years as superintendent Newburgh District.
Lee has previously served as viceesident of the Bronx council and chairan of the evangelism committee, and s a member of the executive committee the Billy Graham crusade last year.

## rew Starts Construction \$663,000 Center

Drew University has begun construction a $\$ 663,000$ university center. A conct for the basic construction in the lount of $\$ 536,130$ has been awarded to ed J. Brotherton, Inc., of Hackensack, :ording to President Fred G. Holloway the university.
Drew has been granted a $\$ 478,000$ loan vard the multiple-purpose building by : Federal Housing and Home Finance iency. The university will conduct a ad-raising appeal for the required balze of $\$ 185,000$.
I cafeteria-style dining hall in the build; will seat 400 persons in contrast to resent capacity of 200 in the university ectory. The structure will also contain ookstore, campus post office, game and isic rooms, student activity rooms, and combination banquet and assembly m. It is designed for a student poption of approximately 1,200 . The Unisity's present enrollment is 800 .


St. John's Church in New Rochelle, N. Y., celebrated its 150 th anniversary by paying off a $\$ 5,950$ debt. The mortgage was burned Nov. 24. Shown above at the banquet are, from left, Walter Beach Humphrey, entertainment chairman; Thomas Darling, general chairman; Bishop Newell; and the Rev. Matthew H. Gates, pastor. Bishop Herbert Welch, who preached at the centennial in 1907, was anniversary service speaker.

## Senior Citizens Center Serves 439

Increasing efforts throughout the country to provide creative activities for retired or elderly persons is vividly reflected in the new senior citizens' center which occupies the former Union Street Church, Union and Lafayette Streets, Schenectady.

The center serves persons of all races and creeds in Schenectady County, providing recreational facilities and craft work in a well organized effort to occupy the hands and minds of older persons.
Under the leadership of the full-time director, Miss M. Asenath Johnson, who is a trained and experienced social worker, the program offers social, educational, cultural, and recreational activities five days and two evenings each week.

The facilities include a reception center, a TV lounge and reading room, a snack bar, and several activity areas in the building and outdoors. Music, dramatics, games, weaving, ceramics, woodworking, sewing, chair-caning, and other craft work help the senior citizens live fruitful lives as they learn to enjoy new friendships.

One evening a week is devoted to educational and cultural programs, include speakers and movies. A second evening offers a "fun" program, including square dances, community singing, and games.

Volunteers from the membership serve
tea, coffee, and soft drinks at lunch time, as well as refreshments after the evenings of fun and entertainment. One hot dinner is prepared an served at cost each week by members of this volunteer "hospitality committee.

Excellent co-operation has been received


Life begins at 50 in Schenectady center where senior citizens learn many crafts.
from many sources in the community. The General Electric Co. gave desks, tables, filing cabinets, and more than 100 chairs; American Locomotive Co. made a generous contribution. Service clubs, churches, and many individuals have contributed furniture and equipment. Senior citizens have reconditioned furniture and made slipcovers to brighten comfortable sofas and chairs. The adult education department is supplying instructors for class activities.

Counseling is one of the important services provided, with referral of special situations to suitable agencies.

The creation of a "center" was one of the chief recommendations of an exhaustive study, "Appraisal of Opportunities for Our Older People," conducted by the Community Welfare Council. This study indicated that there are approximately 15,000 persons 65 years or older in Schenectady County and that the number of older persons increased by more than 40 per cent between 1940 and 1950.

A citizens' committee was set up following this study and spent many months in careful planning to insure a successful organization. This committee felt that any program for older persons should include preparation for retirement; and, therefore, the age for membership was set at 50 .

Paid membership in the center is not a requirement for participation in its activities.

However, only paid members may elect the board or serve on it or on other policy-making committees. At present there are 193 members and 246 other participants.
The building was made available by the Troy Conference and, thanks to enthusiastic support from many community groups, it is now operating on an annual budget of $\$ 15,000$.

The 30-member board of directors is interracial and includes Protestants, Catholics, and Jews, who determine the policy and plan the program.

The officers of the board are Paul L . Benjamin, president; Mrs. Gorton R. Fonda, first vice-president; Glenn B. Warren, second vice-president; Mrs. Robert E. Burnett, secretary; J. Herbert Wemple, treasurer; and John L. Steele, assistant treasurer.

Since the center was opened last June, 439 different persons have enjoyed the program.

## Get $\$ 22,886$ Bequest

Dr. Edward W. Seay, president of Centenary College for Women, Hackettstown, N. J., revealed that the college has received a bequest of $\$ 22,886$ from the estate of the late Miss Katherine M. Bank.
The will directed that the sum be added to the endownent of Centenary, that the principal be invested in high-grade securities, and that the interest from it be used for scholarships to be awarded to deserving students to be selected annually by the college.

## Lenten Meditation

Once more we are in Lent, that period of the year when we meditate upon the life of our Lord as he moved toward Jerusalem and Calvary. May I suggest for your consideration during this holy period two verses of Scripture? The first is found in Mark 10:32. Jesus had been telling his disciples it would be necessary for him to go to Jerusalem and be delivered unto the chief priests and the scribes and be condemned to death. He had spoken to them of the crescendo of evil which was
 to befall him, using the words: "And they will mock him, and spit upon him, and scourge him, and kill him

And there you find this lovely verse so descriptive of the relationship which always exists between Christ and his followers: "And they were on the road, going to Jerusalem, and Jesus was walking ahead of them; and they were amazed, and those who followed were afraid."

Here you come upon one of the most glorious moments in history. The stark courage of Jesus is immediately apparent as he went before them. He has always been ahead of his followers. He is the pioneer of our faith: ahead in the customs of this and every age; ahead of the dulled conscience of human frailty; ahead of our blindness to spiritual values and spiritual need. He is the pioneer of our faith, pushing out into the tangled areas of discontent and misunderstanding. But you and I are such a laggard company: Sometimes in this age it almost seems as if he gets so far ahead of us that we lose him in our creeds and on our altars and in our committees. I urge you to get closer to him in Lent.
And, if you do get closer to Christ, you will catch the significance of those last phrases of the verse: "And they were amazed, and those who followed were afraid."
Every person who gets close to Christ is overwhelmed by these two emotions: amazement and fear. We are amazed at the glory of his being and we are afraid that we are not worthy to be his followers. I suggest that you meditate prayerfully on this verse as you proceed through Lent.

And now may I remind you of another verse of Scripture; for Lent will end and you will come to Easter and the days after Easter. You will be glorying in the wonder of his Resurrection, and I trust you will be meditating upon what the Resurrection means to you personally. May I suggest in this connection that you read in John 20:19: "On the evening of that day, the first of the week, the door being shut where the disciples were, for fear of the Jews, Jesus came and stood among them

Our Lord is always breaking through closed doors. He can break through yours, whatever your closed doors may be: doors of fear, anxiety, emotional instability, or insufficiency. He can break through them all and surround you with the glory of his presence.

I earnestly pray that our Lord may come through the door of your dwelling and abide with you in all the days that lie ahead.

Frederick Buckley Newell
$\rightarrow$ 尼 Ruvece


This nem' $\$ 913,000$ gymulsimm-anditorimm-matatorinm at Dren University aras opened lan. 27. Under coustruction for one yeur, it is the largest building on campns an has facilitics for physical edncation, large assemblics, and social cicuts. The ma floor seats 1,000 persons for athletic cuents and has space for 1,200 chairs. The 1. tatorinm along one side of the unain section honses aut intercollegiate suimming po

stern shovel prepares ground for new Bethel Home, Ossinger, N. Y., as (from left) slice I. Tompkins, Mrs. Alma Pearson, the Rev. Daniel D. Brox, executive director, and gust Rosengren inspect work. The present structure (right) will be demolished.

## EN HORIZONS

## village Church Pledges Record \$81,000

Community Church, East Meadow, Y., broke ground last month for a w church building. District Superindent Kenneth B. Grady participated the ceremonies.
Graphic evidence of the effect of a ilding campaign on a church budget supplied by the Village Church, Bayle, N. Y. The building fund goal was 0,000 . The total pledged was $\$ 81,457$, addition to $\$ 28,961$ for the church dget from 218 families. Before the mpaign, the Rev. Edwin S. Gault reres, only 45 families were pledging

## ono Centenary Dean

Dean Margaret E. Hight of Centenary dlege for Women was honored at the men's reception of the silver anniver$y$ convocation at Union Junior College Cranford, N. J.
She was cited as the former president the New Jersey Junior College Associan and dean of the oldest two-year colse in the state.

## irector Speaks at hicago Meeting

The Rev. Vernon Stutzman, director of : Methodist Hospital, in Brooklyn, had jus month in February.
He assisted in the presentation of a ninar on administration and manageint at a congress of administration insored by the American College of spital Administrators in connection th its 25 th anniversary.
He also spoke on the topic, "At What int Does Church Sponsorship Need to Strengthened?" at the annual convenn of the National Association of Methinst Hospitals and Homes.
Both events took place in Chicago.
a combined total of $\$ 3,345$ each year. - Bishop Newell will consecrate Martin Hall, Mar. 16, at the Hedding Church, Barre, Vt.

Troy Conference:
Kenneth Inoffman to supply Woodlury and Calais, Vt.
Donald Blyler to supply Weston s and Landgrave, V's.

Oliver R. 1)avison to supply Cabot and Marshriekl, Vt.

Paul Lefevre to supply Essex Center and Underhill, Vt.
Donald Oucllette to supply Lincoln, V't. Newark Conference:
Ronald E. Benson to supply Dingman's Ferry, Pal.

Marshall Rowers to supply Grace Church, Newark, N. J.

## New York Conference:

Alfred Lee Eastman to supply Toughquag, Holmes, Hortontown, and Wiccone, N. Y.
Phillip Edmund to supply Pine Bush, N. Y.

James J. Hilbert to supply Andes, N. Y. Herbert F. Lowe to supply Mountaintile and Vail's Gate, N. Y.

## New York East:

Richard C. Williams to supply City island, N. Y. Douglas Lawson to Corm, N. Y. James L. Neeley to Oceanside, N. Y.

## The Circuit Writer

A Sunday evening series entitled "The University of Life" at Fordham Church, Bronx, included lectures on Christian art, music, drama, and race relations.

The Rye ( $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$.) Church will receive $\$ 5,000$ from the estate of the late Mrs. Lillian Pierre, widow of the president of the Hotel Pierre in New York City.

Honoring Financial Secretary Voyle Lanpher upon his retirement after 14 years, Grace Church, St. Johnsbury, Vt., learned that during his tenure he handled about $\$ 200,000$ in church funds and the budget increased from $\$ 7,500$ to $\$ 23,700$.

The Rev. and Mrs. Frederick A. Deckman of Glens Falls, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Hazel Lillian, to James King Hutchinson, also of Glens Falls.

Miss Natalie Burgess, a member of St. Paul and St. Andrew Church, New York City, made her debut in a song recital at Town Hall Mar. 9.
"Power House" is the term applied by the Rev. Myron Lindow of Vailsburg Church, Newark, N. J., to his midweek prayer service which is drawing more worshipers than attended the Sunday morning service before Lindow became pastor.

A business secretary with financial experience is wanted to assist the director at the Methodist Church Home in Riverdale, New York City.

Thirty young people from Cokesbury (N. J.) Church visited the Goodwill Industries in Jersey City and then attended a show in New York.

The Rev. Wesley D. Osborne of Searing Memorial Church, Albertson, N. Y., was guest preacher at a six-day spiritual life mission at South Orange (N. J.) Church.

Miss Mary Lou Barnwell, executive secretary of the Commission on Deaconess Work, will be guest speaker at the meeting of the deaconess association of the Southeastern Jurisdiction, Mar. 21, at Pfeiffer College, Misenheimer, N. C.

Branchville (N. J.) Church has a men's class which meets at $6: 30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. each Thursday for breakfast, followed by Bible study and prayer.

Runner-up for an early morning service is the Mamaroneck (N. Y.) Church, where a healing service is held each Wednesday at 7 am.

Arthur Bates, who has retired after 32 years as sexton of the Sea Cliff (N. Y.) Church, was honored with a "This is Your Life" party in the manner of the popular TV show. He was presented with a purse and movies of the evening's festivities.

Also honored at Sea Cliff was Mrs. Lena H. Steen, in charge of the cradle roll for 40 years. She was presented with a sterling silver plate hand-wrought in 1790 in Sheffield, England.

## In Memoriam

- Newark Conference: Thomas J. Clark, 1957.
- New York Conference: Albert H. Wilson, Feb. 12, 1958.


## Writes Film Stories

The public première of a 15 -minute color movie based on an original story by Mrs. Raymond Charlebois took place recently at Christ Church, Glen Falls, N. Y.

The film, "Sharing Is Fun," is one of five stories written by Mrs. Charlebois, a member of Christ Church, and recently purchased by Family Films, a production studio of Hollywood, Calif. They are being produced as a part of the new series for church-school discussion groups of either children or adults.
Mrs. Charlebois has two children and teaches one of the fifth-grade sections of girls in the church school of Christ Church. Her first story was accepted immediately by Family Films. Two of the five stories have been produced as movies, and she has a contract for others covering screen and television rights.

## Council Elects Methodist

A prominent Methodist has been elected president of the New York State Council of Churches.

He is the Rev. Dutton S. Peterson of Odessa, a state senator. A former mensber of the state assembly, he has worked ardently for refugee resettlement. He has served a charge in the Elmira District for 24 yenrs.

## To Stage Missions Benefit

Wedding gowns of by-gone days and other period fashions will be modeled Mar. 21 at Wanamaker's Westchester Room at the Yonkers, N. Y., shopping center for the benefit of the Five Points Mission in New York City.
Entertainment will be provided by an accordionist and a madrigal choral group from the mission. A dance group from Five Points will also be presented.

Funds will go toward the camping program in Cornwall, N. Y., and other youth facilities on New York's East Side.

## Robert Oxnam on Board

Dr. Robert F. Oxnam, president of Pratt Institute of Brooklyn, has been elected to the board of managers of the Methodist Hospital, Brooklyn.

Oxnam was formerly vice-president for administrative affairs and associate professor of government at Boston University. He had previously held educational and administrative posts at Syracuse University and the University of Southern California. During World War II, he served in the armed forces as a captain in the infantry. He is the son of Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam, Washington.


Participating at community Reformation Day service at Rensselaer, N. Y., were (from left): the Rev. Chester Clifton, Greenbush Reformed Church, who is convenor of sponsoring Greenbush Clergy Club; Bishop John Wesley Lord, Boston Area; the Rev. Charles Edgington, Nassan, a Drew classmate who introduced him; and Albany District Superintendent Harold W. Griffis. Of 15 participating churches, four of then were Methodist.


This girl, one of 2,000 persons attending missions festival at St. Mark's Cluurch, Rockuille Centre, N. Y., inspects Algerian jewelry' worn by woman dressed in native costume while a retived missionary from North Africa wearing Moslem veil looks on.


# Eind the strength for your life... WORSHIP TOGETHER THIS WEEK 

"I have never known a man to have faith in himself," goes an
American adage, "unless he first has faith in God."
It takes such courage to face life . . . greater courage than any of us has alone. It takes such strength to accept success humbly, to overcome setbacks . . . greater strength than any of us has alone.
And yet the world is full of unacclaimed heroes and heroines . . .
men and women who have, in the course of their lives, faced seemingly insurmountable obstacles and griefs. Faced them, and conquered them.

If they were the kind of people who talked about themselves, they'd tell you . . "I never could have done it without the help of God."
The strong Faith they called on to help them can be yours.
Build such a Faith for yourself. Make it the firm foundation of your family's security and happiness. Worship together at your Church.

There you'll find the strength for your life.
 the dedication and religious faith of your own family! These interests are also the interests that Together seeks to discover, develop and interpret.
No wonder, then, that your family-and every Methodist family-is both inspired and entertained by the way Together gets to the heart of family living.
Together's role in serving the family benefits you, your loved ones, your church and all of Methodism. This is why your All Family Plan is a vital part of your church's total program.
The All Family Plan subscription rate is still only $\$ 2$ a year, billed $50 \$$ quarterly to the church.
For information on All Family Plan benefits, write the Together business office.

When TOGETIIER arrives at the Bev ly Hills. California, home of C. Raymo
ly Wood. the whote family "gets togethe Sons Gregory and Michael join th parents-members of the Westwood Co munity Methodist Church-in readi TOGETHER, agree "it's terrific. worthwhile and fun at the same time

The Midmenth Magozine for Methadist Families $000^{2}$
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